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PILGRIM MONUMENT.

Grand Festival of the Forefathers at Plymouth.

Laying of the Corner-stone of the Memorial Monument.

Addresses of Gov. Banks, Mr. Burlingame, Senators Hale and Clark, Judge Warren and Others.

Grand Banquet—Five Thousand Persons Present.

Letters from President Buchanan, Edward Everett, Senator Douglas and Other Distinguished Men.

PLYMOUTH ROCK IN ITS GLORY.

GRAND ILLUMINATION AND GENERAL REJOICINGS.

From the Special Reporter of the N. Y. Times.
PLYMOUTH, Tuesday, Aug. 2, 1859.

This quaint and beautiful old town has seen to-day such sights as the Pilgrim Fathers little dreamed of when they landed on these from that little May-flower two centuries ago. Every son of New-England, and for the matter of that every son of America, may take a just pride in the zeal, enthusiasm and heartiness of feeling which have marked this great celebration. From all corners of the old Bay State, from the white shores of Cape Ann, from "hilly and rural Worcester," from Berkshire hills, the Massachusetts men have swarmed forth to this old homestead of the race, to lay their tributes on our sacred Rock, and with them every State and Territory of our broad Union, too, represented by industrious wealth and female beauty, is on the ground. Of all the world's wealth is the way of the

"Delphian vase, the Palestines,
The Persian of the mind."

what was, indeed, might serve to move the better instincts of the American heart than this brave old builder on the sandy coast of the once-barren New-England, now become a "mother of nations?" Fight among ourselves as we may, quarrel over our rights and our wrongs about as we may, like dogs and Frazer in the play, "from North to South," in "one another's mouth," we are after all of one mind when we think for a moment earnestly upon the great old times in which the Pilgrims laid deep and broad, for us that corner-stone of Liberty and Empire on which we have been building ever since. And so we may all take an honest pride, as I said before, in the goodly lasting this day made of a monument to this their gentle town of a goodly ecstasy to exhibit their Rock from "Time's revenges," and to be a monument to them forever.

One would hardly have supposed that so small a town as Plymouth could be made to hold so many people as have found it to-day about the most capacious, airy and delightful place in all New-England. I think the expansive phenomenon a moral and not a material one. It is the Plymouth heart which has opened to us strangers, and, taking us in, has made us brethren.

When I entered the town this morning it was alive with flags and smiles; the weather good, the temper of the people better. Of course I marched straight to the Rock, but by reason of the preparations for the proper adornment of that venerable stone, was unable to achieve the wish of my heart. That is no good ground, however, for my refusing your readers the interesting excellent account, which I find in the *Old Colony Memorial* of that town:

DISCOVERY OF FOREFATHERS' ROCK.

"Since the excavations for the Canopy have commenced, there has been an unusual interest manifested to see the famous Rock, which received the first stepping stone for the Pilgrims, when they first landed upon our coast. Whether history says the *Plymouth Rock* from which we quote, has shown itself in a Yankee style—an laborious desire to obtain a "specimen" to carry off as a memento—a desire which, of course, could not be gratified without the total removal of the rock in no very lengthy period of time.

Strangers who have formed their idea of the rock from the rhetorical flourishes of orators, and the rhapsodies of poets, who have declaimed and sung of the "rock bound shores of Plymouth," must, of course, on first impressions somewhat when they come to behold the rock itself. That the Pilgrims of the *Mayflower*, in their passage around Cape Cod Bay, beheld a rocky coast at Manomet point and vicinity, some three miles south of us, there is abundance of evidence, which all will appreciate who know the locality of that part of the town. But the epithet "rock-bound" will not apply to the place where the landing took place, by locating the rock as above within a two or three miles either way. The ocean shore all along the village of Plymouth is now, and was at the time of the landing, a sandy beach. Forefathers' Rock is a boulder, by which term geologists understand a large rock, not in ledge, which has been moved from place to place by the action of water and ice, and of which the edges and corners are generally worn so that the rock presents a somewhat rounded appearance. Such a rock is the only one which a seaman along an unknown coast would think of approaching in a boat. A shore lined by rocky cliffs or ledges would be the most dangerous place in the world upon which to land. It is a historical fact that the *Mayflower* anchored at the entrance of the harbor near Brook Point, and the people came ashore in a shallop, or small boat. That they should make towards a small rock, or something for a stepping-place, instead of attempting to land upon the sandy beach is perfectly natural. It is not easy to determine with accuracy the weight of the rock at the time of the landing, from the fact that portions have been taken from it and carried to other localities. It may have weighed twenty tons, more or less. It belongs to the kind of rock known as syenitic greenstone, or that kind of granite by geologists sometimes called syenite, in which a variety of hornblende of a dark green color predominates, so as to give the rock, in masses at least, a dark greenish color. The ingredients of the rock are small portions of quartz, mica in small black particles, feldspar of a dull white or of a rose tint, some of it imperfectly crystalized, and hornblende. It takes a beautiful polish, and there are, we believe, some specimens of it set in rings and pins. It has been remarked by Dr. Hitchcock, the geologist, we think, that this is the only rock of the kind to be found on our eastern New England shore. There are similar varieties, of course, but none that geologists would call identical nearer than Nova Scotia, from which place it is thought this rock—itself a Pilgrim—was transported by ice and the action of waters.

As to the identity of the rock, in regard to which so many curious questions are asked, there is probably not the slightest shadow of doubt. The historical evidence is substantially as follows: THOMAS FAUNCE, one of the ruling elders of the first church in Plymouth, was born in the year 1646, and died in the year 1745, in the advanced age of ninety-nine years. He was a resident of Plymouth contemporary and acquainted with the passengers of the *Mayflower*. In the year 1741, four years before his death, upon hearing that a wharf (now known as Hedge's wharf) was to be built over or over the rock, which was then at the water's edge, the Elder visited the spot, and in the presence of many persons pointed out that as the Pilgrim Rock, pointing with his cane to the rock upon which they landed in 1620. This statement was made in the presence of Deacon Nathaniel Sparrow, who was present at the time, and who died in 1818, within the memory of very many now living. The same facts were confirmed by one Mrs. Warren, who died in 1810, aged 95 years, and who was acquainted with the family of Elder Faunce. Thus it appears that between the present generation and the *Mayflower* party, the connection is formed by two persons, and this connection is complete and reliable. There are many historical events which pass unquestioned, whose authenticity is not half so satisfactory as the identity of Forefathers' Rock.

In 1774, some "ardent Whigs," we are told, attempted to remove the rock to Town square, (then Market square,) for the purpose of erecting over it a liberty-pole as a rallying motive in behalf of the revolutionary struggle which was then beginning to manifest itself. In so doing the rock split under, an event which many thought betokened a separation of the Colonies from the Mother Country, an event which a few years afterwards took place. A portion of the rock, however, was actually removed to the square, where it remained until July 4, 1834, when it was placed in front of Pilgrim Hall, and surrounded by an iron railing, where it still remains. The "ardent Whigs" loosened the under portion of the rock from its original bed, where it has ever rested; the only change that is known to have been made in its position being simply an elevation to prevent its being covered by the wharf. A recent writer, quoted by Mr. Bancroft in his *Pilgrim Memorials*, says of "We have always understood, from those who witnessed its removal in 1775, that it was first perpendicularly raised some feet above its original bed on the shore, and that then it was placed under it, which will remain the fact."

In explaining under the rock, last week, "hi stake," as the old folk, were actually found under the rock, as stated above, and are now lying upon the wharf near the rock.

In the statement we have given the above synopsis of evidence, not for the purpose of entering upon a doubtful question, but that at this particular time the facts may be before the mind in connection with the great event of the coming week—the laying of the corner stones of monuments to mark the spots of the landing, and to perpetuate the memory of that memorable band whose self-denial, toils and sufferings laid the foundations of our Republic, and whose sterling characters of character mark the leaves of the history and of present prosperity.

The monument recently neglected, is now in a fair way of being speedily marked by a monument more worthy of it in durable and ornamental. The foundation of stone granite, and in cement, and some eighteen feet square, and ten feet deep, will be completed before this number ever reaches, and will be ready for the corner-stone of the architectural canopy, which will be laid on Tuesday next. This canopy will combine more beauty of design than could be had in a pyramid, and will not only shelter the Rock, but will leave it exposed to view. In the design, Mr. Bellamy has made a movement of his still and good taste that will be sure to endure as long as Quincy granite will last. If the descendants of the Pilgrims will exhibit half the enthusiasm in this enterprise that Mr. Bellamy manifests, the canopy, which is commenced on the present Anniversary of the Sailing of the Pilgrims, will be ready for completion on the next anniversary of their "Landing."

The site selected for the monument is very fine. It is to be erected on one of the lofty hills that skirt the village of Plymouth; and from its prominent post will be visible from all points to persons visiting the first settlement of the Pilgrim Fathers of New-England. At the same time its site is so commanding that almost all the objects of interest relating to Pilgrim history, and the homes of our Forefathers, can be readily seen even from its base.

The foundation covers a large part of the summit of the hill, and is firmly laid with Quincy Granite and strong cement. This portion of the hill was given by BENJAMIN HARDWAY, Esq., of Plymouth, and was valued by him at $1,000. The corner-stone is the gift of Mr. E. FREDERICK, of Quincy. The cavity in the corner-stone is sufficiently large to hold a leaden box eleven inches by seven and five inches in height. The following articles, prepared by Dr. NATHANIEL B. SHURTLEFF, the antiquarian, of Boston, at the request of the Building Committee, have just been deposited in the box, which bears on its cover the following words:

Placed
in the corner-stone
of the
National Monument to the Forefathers,
by
The Pilgrim Society of Plymouth,
2d August, 1859.

1. The plate, which measures 7½ by 5¼ inches, bears the following inscription, engraved in very plain and legible letters, by Mr. E. W. BOWEN:

The Corner-Stone
of the
National Monument to the Forefathers,
laid in presence of
The Pilgrim Society of Plymouth,
by the
M. W. Grand Lodge of Freemasons of Massachusetts,
M. W. JOHN T. HEARD, Grand Master,
on the second day of August, A. D. 1859, A. L. 5859,
being in the two hundred and thirty ninth year,
since the first settlement of New England
by the Pilgrim Forefathers.

Richard Warren,
President of the Pilgrim Society;
Building Committee,
John H. Clifford, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff,
Samuel Nicolson, Charles G. Davis,
William Thomas, Eleazer C. Sherman;
Hammatt Billings, Architect;
Willard M. Harding, Financial Agent.

James Buchanan, President of the United States.
Nathaniel P. Banks, Governor of Massachusetts.
William T. Davis, Chairman of Selectmen of Plymouth.

2. A description of the site for the monument.
3. An account of the corner-stone, and Legislative appropriations for said reliefs.
4. Papers, diplomas, certificates and circulars relating to the monument.
5. The Illustrated Pilgrim Almanac for the year 1860, published in aid of the monument fund.
6. The first charter for a colony in Virginia and other parts and territories in America, 1606.
7. The Great Patent of New-England in America, 1620, granted to the council established at Plymouth in the County of Devon, for the planting, ruling, ordering and governing of New-England in America.
8. The Charter of the colony of New-Plymouth, in New-England, granted in 1630, to WM. BRADFORD and his associates.
9. The social compact of the forefathers of the *Mayflower*, 1620.
10. The Declaration of Independence of the United Colonies of America, 1776.
11. The Constitution of the United States of America, 1787.
12. The Constitution or form of Government for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, 1780.
13. Metallic Copies of the Seals of the Colony of New-Plymouth, of the Colony of the Massachusetts Bay in New England, and of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
14. Bradford's History of Plymouth Plantation. Edited by CHARLES DEANE, Esq. 1856.
15. Printed Title-Pages to the Plymouth and Massachusetts Colony Records. Edited by NATHANIEL B. SHURTLEFF.
16. Guide to Plymouth, and Recollections of the Pilgrims. By WM. S. RUSSELL. 1846.
17. Pilgrim Memorials, and Guide to Plymouth. By WM. S. RUSSELL. 1855. With a Map of the Village.
18. Map of the Town of Plymouth, Printed in 1830.
19. Map of Cape Cod Bay, showing the way traversed by the Pilgrims in 1620, in sailing from Provincetown Harbor to Plymouth. Map showing the Boundaries of the Plymouth Colony, with points of interest marked. Plan of Plymouth, including bays, harbors and islands. By CHARLES BLAZGWINE. Containing memoranda, and denoting remarkable points. Issued by WILLIAM S. RUSSELL.
20. Plymouth Directory, printed in 1851.
21. Annual Reports of the Town of Plymouth, for the financial year ending Feb. 1, 1859.
22. List of Town Officers of Plymouth, for the year 1859.
23. List of Officers of the Pilgrim Society of Plymouth, for the year 1859.
24. Diploma of Membership of the Pilgrim Society.
25. *Old Colony Memorial*, and *Plymouth Rock*, newspapers printed in Plymouth—the last weekly issue of each containing information about the arrangements for laying the corner stones of the National Monument, and of the Canopy of Forefathers' Rock.
26. Printed copy of the Discourse delivered by REBEL CUSHMAN, at the "Common House" in Plymouth, in December, 1621.
27. *Massachusetts State Register* for the year 1859. By ADAMS, SAMPSON & Co.
28. *Manual for the Use of the General Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, for* 1850. Prepared by S. N. GIFFORD and WILLIAM BROWN.
29. Names of the Committee of Arrangements for laying the corner stones of the Monument and Canopy.
30. A small portion of Forefathers' Rock.
31. Other printed matters.

The monumental Canopy is intended as a shelter and protection to Forefather's Rock, and is, consequently, to be erected near the water's side, over the spot originally occupied by the Rock at the time of the landing of the passengers of the *Mayflower* on the 21st of December, 1620.

In the year 1741, the rock was raised from the bed where it had laid for unknown ages, and, without disturbing its relative position, was elevated a few feet, in order to prevent its being hidden from sight by the new wharf, arrangements for the building of which had then been actually made.

In 1775 an attempt was made to remove the Rock to the town square, but in consequence of an accidental splitting of this renowned memorial, a portion only was taken from the wharf, the remainder being left to serve as a mark to designate the place of landing. The part carried to the square has since (in 1834) been again transported, and is now lying before Pilgrim Hall, inclosed by an iron fence. The wharf and buildings standing upon it were bought of ANSAEW L. RUSSELL, Esq., of Plymouth, at a very liberal price. The buildings have been removed, and the foundation prepared for the corner stone.

The Canopy will cover a square space, the sides of which will measure about fifteen feet. The whole height of the structure will be about thirty feet. Each of the four facades will present an arched opening, through which Forefathers' Rock can be seen resting upon the floor of the arched chamber. The angles of the openings will be formed of solid piers, decorated with Roman Doric columns, bearing a plain entablature; above which will be an ornamental attic, with tablets containing inscriptions, in the spaces above the arches; and the whole will be surmounted with circular pediments, the continuation of which will form the roof. At the angles on the outside between the columns are to be placed four statues, representing some of the most distinguished persons among the Pilgrims. The material of which it is to be constructed is Quincy granite, and MESSRS. FREDERICK & SANDERS, the contractors, will complete it on or before next Forefathers' Day, if the requisite funds are collected for defraying the expenses attendant upon the construction.

Within the corner stone is deposited a leaden box of the same dimensions with that for the Monument, bearing the following inscription:

Placed
in the corner-stone
of the
Monumental Canopy of Forefathers' Rock,
by
The Pilgrim Society of Plymouth,
2d August, 1859.

The following deposits were made within the box before its cover was securely sealed:

1. A plate bearing the following inscription, engraved in very distinct letters, by Mr. E. W. BOWEN:

This Casket
Containing objects of historical interest
relating to the Plymouth Forefathers,
is deposited
in the corner-stone
of the
Canopy of Forefathers' Rock,
erected for the shelter and protection of
The Rock
on which the Pilgrims of the Mayflower
landed, on the 21st day of December,
A. D. 1620.

Corner Stone
laid on the 2d day of August 1859,
With religious and masonic services,
Under the direction of
The Pilgrim Society of Plymouth,
Richard Warren, President.
Building Committee:
John H. Clifford, Nathaniel B. Shurtleff,
Samuel Nicolson, Charles G. Davis,
William Thomas, Eleazer C. Sherman.
Hammatt Billings, Architect.
W. M. Harding, Financial Agent.

M. W. John T. Heard, Grand Master of the M. W. Grand Lodge of Freemasons of Massachusetts.

Besides the plate, duplicates of many of the articles deposited under the corner stone of the National Monument were placed in the box.

THE LAYING OF THE CORNER STONE.

This part of the ceremony was accomplished in the usual grave mysterious Masonic way, and immediately after it was completed the President of the Pilgrim Society, the accomplished RICHARD WARREN, Esq., of Boston, delivered the following soul-stirring address, which was received with hearty cheers:

OPENING ADDRESS OF PRESIDENT WARREN.

NEW-ENGLAND MEN AND WOMEN!—AMERICANS: The day has dawned: it has at last come—the day when the children of the Pilgrim Fathers have gathered to commence a monument to their memory!

On these hills, my friends, many of us oft have trod in boyhood's play hours, and in manhood's maturer years. We have walked over the graves of the great, because of the good: of the noble, because of the humble ones; of the Fathers and Mothers of our Country.

What mean we by this day's work? What are we doing, descendants of the Pilgrims? That which shall redound to our honor in all coming time, if we persevere and complete—as I feel sure we shall—these monuments to the Pilgrim Fathers.

With words of power: in poetry, in painting, in sculpture, too, they have been remembered. The Pulpit and the Press have bowed in reverential awe before their greatness. Orators and Statesmen, Law-makers and Poets have come to this ancient town, as to a holy shrine, to pay homage. We are, by some, accused of glorifying the Fathers too much. We cannot do so. They were great men in daring what they did when they did. The gratitude of the whole Continent should be freely, and without stint, given to them.

My friends, we have this morning laid the corner-stone of one monument on the Rock. We are now about to lay that of a structure, the greatest the world had seen, intended to mark the events of the landing of 1620 in the Nation's History; that decisive event, which, in reality, began this our great and happy country. Let it rise speedily—and as from distant ocean the toil-worn mariner approaching home shall look hither, and view it reaching toward the clouds, he shall also see inscribed on it a motive for action—an aid to all worthy purpose.

Many have found fault with the magnitude of the undertaking. Some deride it, and say it is unsuitable for the events. Others would have it erected in a city. No! Here where we stand is the spot for it. From hence, cast your eyes across yonder waters. In a clear day, Cape Cod is visible. There, at Provincetown, the Pilgrims first cast anchor—and within the arms of that Cape they found shelter. There is Clark's Island, named for the mate of the *Mayflower*. There the Pilgrims worshipped on their first Sabbath, in a temple not made with hands—

The waves around were roaring,
The chilly winds were blowing.

Perhaps an Indian was watching without, comprehending that they, too, were speaking to the Great Spirit, whom he ignorantly worshiped. After this holy service they returned to their small vessel, their only refuge in the night. In peace they rested, watched over by their God. In front of that island the *Mayflower* was at anchor. On my left you see Captain's Hill, the residence of MILES STANDISH. On our right rises the Burial Hill. Beneath those sods rest BRADFORD and the son of ROGER CONANT. Monuments have been erected there to their names by grateful descendants. Beyond that lies Watson's Hill, on which the first treaty was made between the white man and the Indian!

Nearly in front of where we stand is Marshfield, the home of the WEBSTERS, and in later days of DANIEL WEBSTER. It is a beautiful spot, full of sacred associations. The whole country mourns yet for one of her greatest men, whose dust reposes in a tomb near the house always hospitable to visitors—never to be forgotten by those who have been there. And not far off, on our left, is Jones' river, in Kingston, where ELDER BREWSTER lived. As these places are within our view, how does the past come back to us. As we stand on Monument Hill let that past nerve us all with new strength for our life-work. One thing is certain. The monument can be built if New-England says it shall be. Whenever she or her children have fully determined to do anything, that has been done—say it in regard to this, New-England men, New England women! say it with faith that it can be, and bring your energies to bear upon it, and all doubt will be removed. The cost, large as it sounds, is nothing in reality, to the capacity of those who are asked to do it.

SIX years ago, a noble merchant of New-York, princely in work and in gift, wrote that he would "be one of fifty to subscribe a $1 000 for a monument." Not all of the forty-nine others have come, but some have done it. Where are the forty others to respond? Would that I had the ability as I have the desire, to be not merely one such man, but all combined. The merchant paid his money, not waiting for others. Such large amounts are not, however, needed. A small pittance from each of the favored children of New-England will complete it in a few years. Is there such a child anywhere who will not contribute to one, to both of these commemorative stones? I am not willing to entertain such a thought. Think of the Fathers but for one moment, any hesitating one, and you cannot help aiding in the work. Never doubt the accomplishment of that we to-day begin, any more than the Fathers doubted of final success. Let every one give and the work is done. It cannot be done without your aid. No miracle will be worked to finish these structures. It is for you, who have reverence enough for the Fathers, to be willing to show that reverence by acts. Some say the best monument to the Pilgrims is the hearts of their children. Such a monument is apt to crumble. There needs something to look upon—some of the granite of the earth molded into beautiful symmetry to impress on those hearts the story of the past—the heroism of former times.

No victory has ever been so pregnant in its consequences; no event in human story, save that which occurred at Bethlehem, has produced so vast a revolution in the destinies of the human race, as the emigration of the Pilgrims of the *May Flower*. Never again for us, their children, will there be the opportunity, or the occasion, for the employment of art, to embody themes so simply grand, so peculiarly significant. It is worthy, then, of all that art can offer as a testimony. It is worthy of a nation's self-denial, were it necessary, to erect a memorial of gratitude, which shall embody in its design the leading characteristics of the Pilgrim mind.

I now with pleasure introduce to you his Excellency Gov. BANKS, of Massachusetts.

The Governor that is—the Speaker that was—the (what?) that is to be—was received with long-continued applause, but at last made his sonorous accents heard, and to good purpose.

SPEECH OF GOV. BANKS.

MY FELLOW-CITIZENS: It is a voluntary offering which we present to-day. We speak for the living, not for the dead. Surely no people that have animated the scenes of human history—neither the Greeks nor Romans, Celts nor Saxons—have left behind them monuments more numerous, more imperishable, more beautiful, than those that mark the historic paths of the Puritan founders of the Commonwealth. On every side they rise—on the sea and beyond the sea—on the sterile and rocky coast—over vale and upland of the rich interior—over meadow, rock and river they speak to us, and will speak forever to those who succeed us, of their marvellous energy, wise forecast, and abiding faith in God. Their career is marked with equal permanence in all pursuits of civilized men, in peace or in war, in the overthrow or reconstruction of governments. Literature, science and art recognize in the works of the Puritans and their descendants some of the most eminent achievements of human genius. Especially marked must be their political philosophy and their experiments in the construction of political institutions. The statutes for distribution of property, the scheme for securing universal education, a government of the majority of the people in place of a minority of rulers, the right of each community to establish and direct its own government, and the absolute freedom of all men in religious worship, are as distinctly foreshadowed in the compact signed on board the *Mayflower* as they are reproduced and exhibited in their institutions of Church and State.

There is something far greater and wiser in the Puritans' works than we could justly anticipate from the study of their history from the time of ELIZABETH to the foundation of the colony of Plymouth. Even to the careful student their traits and awakenings are almost exclusively of a religious nature. If a man establishing a slavery sufficient to the doctrines of Calvin and the Synod of Dort, if he kept the Sabbath, frequented public worship, maintained family religion, would neither swear nor be drunk, nor comply with the fashionable devices of the times, as a requisite he was called Puritan. The greater part of them viewed their emigration to this country, as it has been well said, as taking up the cross of the Saviour, and they limited even their hopes of worldly wealth to the glory of the spirit. We might well look to seek merit for a thorough investigation of the claims of priests or priest to stand between them and their God, or to unfold every occult mystery of their religion. We might well look to them as having taken in more direct and nearer approach of divine Majesty, and in wise and ever-merciful Creator, for to such things and upon such thoughts their souls were turned until they saw with clearer vision and spoke.

Not whence comes the clear, calm comprehension, philosophic wisdom, that is manifest in their systems of government—not merely to results which had been anticipated from a thousand systems, and had failed in more than that number of experiments. Not in desiring a perfect religious freedom, a general education, the alleviation of penal suffering, the equitable distribution of property, and a government for all and by all, but in the singularly wise adaptation of all its parts to the whole, and to the accomplishment of its original purpose—a government of the people, upon principles of equal and exact justice, securing to them permanent prosperity and happiness. In their respect the system of the Pilgrims' founding of our national and beloved Commonwealth is so perfect in operation as in conception, and it is hardly extravagant for us to believe that patient and pure reflection upon this great work brought to them the wisdom of inspiration, or that devout prayer of godly men was answered by the intervention of a higher than human power. What can surpass the organization of political powers with which they commenced their career on this continent, not simply in relation to its political or governmental success, but in its relations to the social and moral condition of the people—that harmonious blending of different conditions and interests in distinct and varied institutions, through which, at this period of our history, we look upon its perfect success, not with surprise, but as an anticipated and inevitable result, and we accept the repeated and apparently inevitable failures of other nations even in our own time, as well as at more distant periods, as the natural consequence, not of the dearth of patriotic desire, nor of requisite general intelligence, but of the want of that varied public organism by which masses of men are trained to different duties and subjected to different restraints—through which popular excitements find adequate periodical relief—which secure the prompt and faithful execution of different public trusts, and give to the whole system an equally balanced and regular movement that enforces every order and discharges every duty in immaterial and material matters, without jar or confusion, without passion or violence, executing its work as if it were a power in absolute independence of those upon whom it operates, and yet proceeding from the consent of all, each individual having enjoyed the privilege of assailing or supporting the general judgment in speech or print, in private or public movement, in single or combined effort, as seemed to him opportune or effective. In no other land do we find the same perfection of organization, combined with the same freedom, on similar success. The individual mind operating without restraint, except so far as the welfare of associates may demand, trammeled by no traditions, intimidated neither by doubts nor fears that are not by reason approved. The family that gathers up and binds in compact form the separate elements of social life; that, by the ties of consanguinity and kindred, through all ages, in savage or in civilized forms of existence, as it were an original power of nature, independent of social or political law, moulds and fashions the very natures of men. The Church, that with eagle eye, in unrestricted freedom, scans all human action, and tests it by the standard of Divine law. The town, that stands between the State, warding off concentration of power or despotism on the one hand, and anarchy or mobocracy on the other, opening the other power so weakened by subdivision of its powers as to fail of its great end, nor so strengthened as to cripple superior organizations in the execution of higher trusts. The State, invested with power indispensable to the internal co-operation of minor divisions; and the Confederation of States—for the principle of union which now binds together in indissoluble fraternal bonds thirty millions of people was suggested by the Puritans long before the seeds of new great, prosperous States were sown—the confederation of States that harmonized conflicting domestic interests, and offered a common protection against external foes—these constitute a State in the grand philosophic arrangement which the genius of the Pilgrim race in secular matters, tempered by assiduous study of Divine statutes, has transmitted to us.

If we fail to appreciate the perfect adaptation of all its parts to its great purposes, et us glance at its fruits after an uninterrupted movement of nearly two-and-a-half centuries. What a harvest reap we in our day from the seeds of Christian civilization sown by the Puritans in darkness and danger, but also in hope and in faith! Appreciate we the full flood of almost Divine favors which daily refresh our millions or souls? Measure we the prosperity that lifts us above our deserts as above other States? Confess we to the full capacity of acknowledgment by whose wisdom, whose valor, whose great faith we have reached these Pisgah heights? Or believe we that our genius, our industry, our enterprise, has created that which surrounds us—that States, more than continents or empires, have other origin than the slow growth of centuries?

No fairer scene than that which meets our view attests the triumphs of any pioneers in the work of civilization. In whatever direction we move towns and cities rise to meet us. The Connecticut, the Merrimac, and the rivers that skirt the southern coast of the Commonwealth, boast as proud monuments of industrial success as the enterprise of man has ever created. The valley of the Charles, in which sleep thirty or forty villages, towns and cities, crowned on the one hand by the metropolis of New-England, and on the other by the highlands of the interior, presents, from every commanding eminence, a scene uniting as many of the beauties of Art and Nature combined as any upon which the eye of man ever rested. These are monuments of the prowess of the settlers of New-England, and the prosperity and happiness of their descendants. Not unto us, but unto them be the honors paid. No monumental shaft, no tongue of poetry or eloquence can offer to them a more appreciate or elaborate eulogy than that spoken for them in their works.

Nevertheless, it is for us a pleasure and a duty to connect the events of the Present and the Past by some marked and visible sign, to make apparent to careless and indifferent beholders the relation which the inestimable privileges of our time bear to the heroism and devotion of the Forefathers. Never did monument rise to commemorate nobler deeds or greater heroism than theirs. No fortress, citadel or temple—no pyramid, arsenal or obelisk—no triumphal arch or marble statue bears testimony to nobler virtues that yet live in Greek or Roman fame than the imperishable and imperishable evidences of great purposes and powers which make the illustrious the fame of the New England fathers. The monument, then, that we plant to-day is for us as for them. It is for our instruction—to remind our children, and our children's children, so long as the seed of woman shall bruise the serpent's head, that our life is their life—that out of their trials and sorrow we pluck prosperity and happiness—from their oppression springs our freedom. It is for this we plant, here and now, in the very heart of the earth, the headstone of the corner. It is for this we bid the monumental shaft rise to Heaven. It is for this we are assembled by thousands to cheer on the work and to implore the blessings of heaven upon its progress and its completion. Let it rise to commemorate the virtues of the fathers, the gratitude of the children. Let it rise to connect the trivial events of life, the evenings pleasures and the morning's duty, the labor of the week and the rest of the Sabbath,—the joys of life, the sorrows of death, with the never-ceasing memories of the Pilgrims; to light the eye of infancy as it opens upon the world, and cheer the transit of age to a better and a brighter existence. Let it be, and forever and forever that it marks alike the acquisition and the maintenance of the freedom of our land.

It was a harsh and forbidden horoscope that the Fates apparently cast for the Pilgrim Fathers. An inner, not an outer light cheered their path. They saw a hand we cannot see; they heard a voice we cannot hear. It spake to them of us and of the future—of Time and of Eternity.

When the Governor sat down the old Rock fairly rocked, if I may use so poor a pun on so patriotic an occasion, till it stood still again to listen to the popular young champion of the Republicans, Mr. BURLINGAME.

SPEECH OF THE HON. ANSON BURLINGAME.

Mr. PRESIDENT: I congratulate myself that, through your kindness, I am permitted to mingle my voice with this day's general expression of regard to the memory of the Pilgrims. I can add little to what has been said to deepen your interest in them, but can cast into this tide of generous feeling the throbbings of one more Puritan heart. It is no ignoble feeling that has called us together—no desire to symbolize our own egotism, or to pay sycophantic homage to any man. Not is it a fear that the fame of the Pilgrims will pass away. No! the voice of traditions will prevent that, and the high song of our poet, and History, which sheds a broader and a clearer light with the flight of Time. We are here to pay an honest tribute to the character and principles of the Pilgrims. To that end we have this day, with decorous ceremonies, laid the foundations of the National Monument. With that view we invoke the aid of the sons of the Pilgrims to lift it toward the heavens. The honor of performing this holy office belongs not alone to those who live here or in Massachusetts or in New-England, but as well to those who live in the land of the corn and the vine, beyond the crystal lakes and the turbulent rivers, even unto the golden gates—to all the kith and kin of that peerless race. Let them come and partake of the honor, and bring their gifts and their offerings, and pour their gratitude and their love in this monumental pile, so that in future, when they and their children shall, in the genial Summer time, seek the graves of their fathers under the bloom of the beautiful Puritan pansies, there shall stand between the sea and the land, to mark the holiest spot on this earth, an enduring expression of their regard for the memory of the manliest men the world has ever known. I need not prolong the strain of their eulogy, or recite the benefactions of their heroism. Every day, here and elsewhere to-day, and earlier. In language immortal we hear our mother tongue. But this I will say of them: that of all the men in History, they are the only men as good in their deeds as in their words. For what they thought was right they endured cold and hunger and the severity of the years. Let those who will claim a loftier lineage. For us, let us be our living boast: that we can trace our kindred back to these brave and honest men. Seeking neither gold nor glory, they have left us a heritage more precious than rubies—a heritage of character and courage. Fearing their heart-to God alone, they feared no earthly power. Filled with the great idea, the pilgrim sun and this lonely land had no terrors for them. They ventured with the confidence of Nature and the hope of Man. They cut down the wilderness and its line have flourished down to this. They breathed in the form of the covenant, and he withered away from the earth. They grappled with the rude world to work and toil, and to subdue them to wealth and slavery life. Deriving their inspirations from Divinity, they reverenced all the practices and traditions of men. They adopted and digested many, many parts of the free Church and the free School and the free State, and taught us to defend them with our lives. They have no likeness in History. There are none others so purely in earnest, so practical, so fearless. And she was their strength: that they were guided by the inner light. They thought for themselves and acted for themselves. They had a faith of their own and a way of their own, and a will of their own, and they never in their lives surrendered the direction of their souls or their bodies to mortal man. This also was their strength: that they were radiant with the glories of a great cause. They believed in something—they believed in God—they believed in His law—they believed that His law was higher than Man's law, and when Man's law contravened His law they trampled it under their feet with serene and lofty courage. They had one word, Duty—which with them transcended all the rest. In obedience to this, they trampled down mitres, and crowns, and kings, and shame, and laid their iron flail across the brazen brow of Tyranny, until the whole world was filled with the story of their magnificent heroism. Standing for the great rights of human nature, they were never subdued. They could not be laughed down nor fought down. They were at Marston Moor, at Old Concord bridge and at Bunker Hill, and they still survive in their hardy children. Let no tyrants beware, for, though they are men of peace and good will, and, like their fathers, seek the regions of the setting sun, where they may build the altars of their faith by every lake and every stone still, where they, in their great purposes, intervene against their destiny, touch them in their essential rights, and there will be danger in them—the old praying and fighting issue y will come back again, and they will once more bare their sinewy arm for the fight, unsheathing the sword of the Lord and of Gideon. Let them alone! and the land shall smile beneath the hand of their honest labor, and all the valleys shall be filled with the reapers songs and the music of the church-going bell. Let them alone! and, with the spirit of the old Pilgrims on them, they will seek the wilderness, taking to their own bosoms the fires of the fevers of the Western valleys, that their children may have a competence even around their green graves. Let them alone! and again they will gather at Boston, and go forth again in the dreary month of December, first settling other Ohios. Let them alone! and they will shout to other Legislatures their eternal No to advancing oppression, as they did at Chillicothe when it sought entrance into the North-western territory in defiance of the ordinance of '87, which had been spread like a blessing of God over that region. Let them alone! and they will shed their benedcent influence on the legislation of the country, and pour again, at the instigation of the Puritan mind, the bounty of the Government in every sixteenth section of the public domain for public education. Let them alone! and they shall realize the dream of the old Roman Graechi in "Land for the landless." Let them alone! and they shall harness the thunder down under the sea, and flash their fraternal affections further and faster than the beams of the morning sun. Let them alone! and they shall send their fiery engines beyond the bellowing of the buffaloes, through the terrible gorges of the Rocky Mountains, to bring back again the sons o' the Pilgrims to this dear old fatherland. Let them alone! recall them not from their grand employments, and their mighty spirits shall fill the land, strengthen the Republic; and the Union, reposing on the great Puritan arches of Religion and Learning and Liberty, shall endure forever and forever.

If our language rises to exultant eulogium, pardon it to the time and place. We are standing by the first altars of Liberty. We feel as Scotchmen feel by the birth-place of ROBERT BURNS, and as Britons by the springs of Gratid. We would not measure our praise, but would pour our feelings freely and fully in honor of those who honored human nature in their lives. What though their theology was fierce and their faces sombre! They fought the Prince of Darkness, and they needed something more than the thunders of Olympian Jove. They had been persecuted the world over—they had to look the grimmest and gloomiest tyranny in the eye, and it was needful that their faces should be hall battle. We seek not to revive their manners or their practices; but, viewing them by the light of their own times, shall we not say that they met the requirements of them bravely and grandly? In this let us imitate them, and do our duty in our time as they did their duty in their time. Because the Puritans lived, tyranny is not dead. Men yet deny the right of private judgment; men would still bind the mind and bind the body; men would yet substitute their will for God's with their decisions for the decrees of Heaven. There are men here, in this streaming light of New-England, who would put back the shadow on the dial of Time—who would reopen the Slave-trade with Puritan hands and Puritan ships. We denounce them, and swear by the ever-living Puritan God—crowning here to-day the vows of WARREN and those around him on this very spot, nearly 40 years ago—that in public or in private life we will do all we can to extirpate from the face of the earth those who would stain their souls with this damning crime. Then we shall have done something to honor the Puritan name, something to add to the greatness and glory of our beloved country.

THE BANQUET.

By this time the "big tent," which is an "institution" here in Yankee land, and the banquet, which is an "institution" everywhere, began to be thought of, and the crowd, five thousand moving as one, set for the green pastures and still waters (very still) of the space in which the aforesaid tent was pitched, with no end of distant views of all kinds of changing seas.

The banquet I have no time at this late hour minutely to discuss again, after discussing it much more to my own satisfaction at the proper time. It was all it should have been; and the spiritual feast especially good.

THE TOASTS.

The toasts were as follows:

1. *Our Country*—Founded upon the principles promulgated on board the *Mayflower*, may it be as eternal as the Rock where first the Pilgrims trod.

2. *Massachusetts*—The younger sister, to which the interests of Plymouth were surrendered; though the Old Colony may boast of her fishing-banks and her sand-banks, Massachusetts has *Banks* whose drafts are never dishonored.

Responded to by Gov. BANKS.

3. *The State of Ohio*, distinguished for the fertility of her soil, the wealth of her population, and the ability of her statesmen; though justly proud of their intelligence, the people will follow the chase.

Responded to by Senator CHASE, of Ohio.

4. *New-Hampshire*, solid granite, a fit symbol of the indomitable courage of the Pilgrims. Its imperishable hills cannot outlive the memory of their heroism.

Responded to by Senator HALE, of New-Hampshire.

5. *The Happy Homes of Connecticut*, they owe their origin to the Pilgrims of Plymouth Rock. The first settler in Connecticut was named HOLMES, and went from Plymouth.

The Autocrat of the Breakfast Table was here expected to leap upon his chair, and address the company, but as the banquet was no breakfast

THE WAR IN ITALIANATE AND THEIR PEACOCK.

The Victory of Custozza—Disappointment in Vienna—Flight of the Austrians—Capture of Peschiera, Borghetto, Pozzolengo and Lonato—Retreat of the Austrians Beyond the Mincio—Flight of the Austrian Army Under the Walls of Verona—Defeat of the Austrian Fleet by the Italian Squadron—Ancona Bombarded by the Austrians—Bombardment of Venice—Capture of Malghera by the Italians—Bombardment of Venice Renewed—Capture of Malghera by the Austrians—Bombardment of Venice Renewed

NEW PUBLICATIONS

LAW REPORTS.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

FROM NICARAGUA.

Arrival of the Steamer Northern Light—Interesting Operations on the Route—Fortifications Opposite Virgin Bay—Affairs at San Juan—General News.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK: WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1859.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES (Semi-weekly)—Price Two Cents; or Five Dollars a year; two copies to subscribers, for Five Dollars.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES (Weekly)—Price Two Cents; or Two Dollars a year; two copies to one address, for Three Dollars. Any person sending us a Club of twenty or more, will be entitled to an extra copy.

The "TIMES FOR CALIFORNIA" is published on the 1st and 16th of every Mail steamer. Price, in wrappers, 6 cents per single copies.

TERMS—Cash invariably in advance.

All letters to be addressed to the "NEW-YORK TIMES," New-York City.

Mails Close at the Post-Office.

For Albany, Buffalo and Canada.....3½ P. M.
For Boston via Fall River.....3½ P. M.
For Boston via Stonington.....3½ P. M.
For Boston via Hartford & Erie Railroad.....3½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
For Boston via Hartford & Erie Railroad.....3½ A. M. and 3½ P. M.
For Boston via Harlem Railroad.....3½ A. M. and 3 P. M.
For the South by Express Mail.....3½ A. M. and 3 P. M.
For the South by Express Mail.....3½ A. M. and 3 P. M.

The Overland Mail for California leaves St. Louis every Monday and Thursday, at 8 A. M. Letters designed for it should be marked "Overland via St. Louis."

The Overland Mails from St. Joseph, (Mo.) to Placerville, and Salt Lake City, leave St. Joseph every Saturday, at 8 A. M. Letters should be marked "Overland, via St. Joseph."

Ocean Mails.

The Persian will be the Africa leave for Liverpool, will close at the New-York Post-office to-day, at 12 o'clock M.

Cunard, Allison, Bazeley & Co., No. 4 Place de Bourse, Paris, are agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES—Daily and Semi-Weekly—and will supply Europeans at Paris, who will receive subscriptions for any papers desirable, the publication of which commences immediately upon the receipt of the American mails.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Royal Mail steamship *Persia* had not made her appearance off Sandy Hook at midnight. She is now in her eleventh day, and fully due.

Later news from California has been received by the arrival of the Overland Mail at St. Louis, from San Francisco on the 15th ult. Business was more brisk, though prices had not improved. A fire had occurred at Chloe Flat, Sierra County, which did damage to the amount of $17,000. Rough and Ready, in Nevada County, had also suffered from fire to the amount of $75,000.

Advices received in Washington from Arizona, state that a duel had taken place between Lieut. MAURY and Edward E. CROSS, Esq., editor of the Arizonian. Four shots were fired with rifles, without effect. At the last fire Lieut. MAURY's rifle missed fire, and it being decided that he was entitled to his shot, Mr. CROSS stood up unarmed to receive, but Lieut. MAURY refused to avail himself of the advantage, and the difficulty was amicably adjusted.

The President last evening arrived in Washington, from Bedford Springs. He was accompanied by Judge BOWLIN, AUGUSTUS SCHELL, and others.

To-day bids fair to be an exciting one at Albany. The Democratic State Committee meets, to determine upon the line of policy to be pursued, and last night the hotels of the capital were crowded with those interested in the proceedings. The two wings of the party in this City are very fully represented, FERNANDO WOOD and the Astor House Committee, of course, being prominent. The Astor House Committee had a meeting last night, at which a conciliatory proposition, to be submitted to the State Committee to-day, was adopted. In case the proposition is rejected, an appeal is to be made directly to the Democracy of the State.

The Kentucky election has resulted in the triumph of Mr. MAGOFFIN, the Democratic candidate for Governor; the return of seven Democratic Members of Congress, against three Opposition, and a Democratic majority on joint ballot in the Legislature.

The American Primary election took place in Baltimore yesterday evening, and the occasion was characterized by rowdyism and violence. Ballot-boxes were smashed, and several persons were wounded by pistol-shots.

The corner-stone of the Pilgrim Monument was laid at Plymouth, Mass., yesterday, with imposing ceremonies, an account of which is published in our columns this morning, with the address of Gov. BANKS delivered on the occasion.

A telegram from Cincinnati announces the death of the Hon. HORACE MANN, President of Antioch College. He died at Yellow Springs yesterday morning about 6 o'clock.

The Recent Book Trade Sale commenced in that City yesterday morning. There was a very large catalogue of books offered, and a very respectable attendance of purchasers.

The Rev. JAMES W. ALEXANDER, D. D., of this City, died on Sunday last, at the Virginia Springs, at the age of 55. His funeral will take place at Princeton, N. J., this afternoon.

The Liquor Dealer's Association of the City held their regular monthly meeting at HILDEBRAND'S, last evening. There was a large attendance, and a general sentiment expressed in favor of "defending their rights," while it was their intention to do nothing "ungentlemanly" in vindicating their claim to be treated the same as other respectable citizens.

The motion made and argued sometime since to restrain the Common Council from giving the contract for the construction of the gate houses, &c., on the New Reservoir to FAIRCHILD, WALKER & Co., and to compel the Croton Board to award them to BALDWIN & JAYCOX, were denied yesterday morning. BALDWIN & JAYCOX's bid was $56,-000 less than FAIRCHILD, WALKER & Co.'s.

A decision was made in the Supreme Court yesterday, denying the motion heretofore made by the Long Island Ferry Company, to enjoin the running of the boats of the Brooklyn Ferry Company, between New-York and Williamsburg. The action, it is thought, will be tried on its merits in October.

In the Court of General Sessions yesterday, a Grand Jury, whose names appear in another column, were impannelled for the August term. Recorder BARNARD delivered the judicial charge. The District-Attorney having no cases ready for trial, only two pleas of guilty were taken, although the Recorder had intended to sit to a late hour.

At a meeting of the Brooklyn Board of Education, last evening, a resolution was adopted directing the Law Committee to prepare an act so as to prohibit children attending the Public Schools until they have been vaccinated.

The Brooklyn Sanitary Association held a meeting last evening, when the subject discussed was "The most judicious manner of disposing of the contents of cess-pools and sewer water."

The market continued quite dull yesterday for Cotton, the sales of which were unimportant. Flour was unsettled, State Flour having been in good demand at former prices, while most other kinds were in rather check request at languid rates. Wheat was less active. Corn was partially neglected. Hog products were depressed. Beef attracted more attention. Coffee was quiet. Molasses was in more demand. Sugars were heavy and lower. A moderate inquiry prevailed for Hay, Hops, Rice, Tallow, Tobacco and Spirits of Turpentine. The movements in other branches of trade were limited. The value of the week's exports of Domestic Produce and Miscellaneous Goods from this port was $1,193,355, against $956,548 same week last year; and since Jan. 1, the exports have reached $37,299,332, against $36,305,410 same period in 1858.

Lord John Russell on the War.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL is the *enfant terrible* of English politics. He is always crushing the hopes of his friends and confounding the arrangements of his enemies by unexpected ebullitions of sincerity or untimely revelations of candor.

The Treaty of Villafranca has just been injured, we do not see it affects the character of MALMESBURY, by this most dangerous of Ministers, in a dispatch which saw the light in Berlin a day or two after that peace was published, and which was written in London two days before the victory of Solferino.

Lord JOHN RUSSELL, in this dispatch, delineated [illegible] Prussia, the representative of [illegible] which, after defying Napoleon [illegible] by the French Emperor, on the 11th of [illegible]. He warns the Prince Regent that the [illegible] having broken out without any [illegible] on Germany," the German Powers, [illegible] France, will be responsible for any [illegible] of the conflict. These are his Lord[illegible]

[illegible] Austria, that France, when successful [illegible] and the Russian would prove to have an equal [illegible] The Austrian [illegible]

[illegible] general of royal [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

The Press

BROOKLYN INTELLIGENCE.

Board of Supervisors.—ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Kings County Board of Supervisors was held yesterday afternoon, in the old Court-room, County Jail building. The first business in order being the election of officers, the following named persons were all re-elected to fill the places named:

Chairman—SAMUEL SMITH.
Clerk (Supervisor for Ward 3)—JOHN W. HOWE.
Physician on Penitentiary—Dr. JOHN L. RABINEAU.
Storekeeper of Almshouse—GILBERT HOPE.

The [illegible] was then duly elected.

The Keeper of the Penitentiary made the following report for July: Prisoners committed—Males, 34; females, 27; total, 116. Discharged—Male, 43; females, 38; total, 81. Death—Two males. Ordered—Males, 121; females, 135; total, 256.

The Superintendent sent in the annual report, showing the receipts in fees for the year to the sum of $9,205 93. Referred to Committee on Accounts.

Supervisor CROLIUS presented the following:

To the Board of Supervisors of Kings County:

GENTLEMEN: Annexed I transmit to your honorable body, a statement of the surplus and deficiency of the taxes of 1859 of the several Wards of the City and Towns of the County, showing the net surplus and deficiency of the same up to and including the 31st day of July, 1860, after having credited each Ward and Town with the amount of deficiency of 1857, which was relieved.

JAMES M. SEABURY,
County Treasurer.

Wards.	Surplus.	Wards.	Surplus.
I	$17,258 18	XIV	$ 147 39
II	2,210 39	XV	3,384 51
III	2,676 97	XVI	1,375 05
IV	2,976 38	XVII	4,517 21
V	2,370 27	XVIII	1,261 02
VI	13,120 57	XIX	11,087 21
VII	10,305 69	Flatbush	329 70
VIII	2,747 43	New Lots	264 10
IX	13,997 26	New Utrecht	234 29
X	10,886 03	Greenwood	6 59
XI	5,987 46	Flatbush, def.	
XII	10,315 09	chancy	127 04
XIII	13,319 89		
Total			$168,091 66

The Treasurer also presented a statement of bonds and mortgages and other securities and moneys received, viz.:

1860, July 30—To cash deposits in Mechanics' Bank: $6,236 72
New York Life Insurance and Trust Co.: 30,456 05
Brooklyn Savings Bank: 1,150 05
Williamsburgh Savings Bank: 293 20
Central Bank: 2,076 13
Atlantic Bank: 977 19
Manhattan Company: 189 50
In hands of Treasurer: 69
Total cash: $39,099 12
Bonds and mortgages: 99,972 60
Total: $139,071 72

To Committee on Treasurer's Accounts.

A resolution was adopted declaring that the duties of the Jail Physician embraced holding post mortem examinations when required by the Coroner in the Western District, and to purchase all of the medicines used in the jail out of his salary.

The Jail Committee was directed to advertise for proposals to supply the jail with wood, coal and soft-soap.

The Board adjourned till Tuesday next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

THE SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—The Brooklyn Sanitary Association, recently organized, held their first regular monthly public meeting last evening in the Governor's Room, City Hall. Ex-Mayor HALL, the President, occupied the Chair, and there was a limited attendance of members. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read by the Secretary, Dr. J. B. JONES, and adopted. Dr. A. N. BELL presented the names of about fifty persons as candidates for membership, and they were duly elected. The same gentleman also presented the names of Mayor POWELL and Ex-Mayors SAMUEL SMITH, CORNELIUS BOLTON, C. P. SMITH and F. B. SPINOLA, as honorary members. The subject announced for discussion was, "The most judicious manner of disposing of the contents of Cesspools and eaves' water from premises open to the introduction of Nassau water." In the absence of a gentleman who was expected to be present prepared to give some important scientific and practical information relative to the subject, Dr. BELL was called upon to speak. He was disposed to favor the plan of disposing of eaves' water by having the pipes connected with the sewers. The pipes would then act as ventilators to the sewers, and the water would cleanse the same. Tar poles emitted by sewers and cesspools were particularly referred to as the cause of much sickness, in proof of which numerous cases were cited, the most familiar one being the National Hotel sickness. A desultory conversation followed, when the meeting adjourned for one month.

PICNIC OF THE WILLIAMSBURGH JUVENILE SHARPS BOSTON.—This interesting School, numbering pupils of both sexes, from the age of seven to fifteen years, held their first Picnic Festival yesterday, under the cool shade of the tall trees which ornament the Myrtle Park, Brooklyn. This is a most convenient and charming pleasure ground for parties who do not wish to take a long journey from home, being only four miles from Fulton Ferry, and offering the most inviting shelter that any one could wish from the heat of the sun. The children of the School—of whom there are five hundred—enjoyed the day yesterday to all sorts of picnic sports, and had quadrilles and "Varsovienne" on the smooth floor of a substantial and showy tent, which is a feature of the place. This Singing School—the only large one in Williamsburgh—is under the direction and tuition of Professor DAVID B. GUILICK, who makes his young pupils perform wonders in the way of vocal thrill, and whose School, as a whole, reflects the greatest credit upon him.

A NEW ORGAN.—A public exhibition of an organ consisting of twenty-two stops, built by Mr. W. H. DAVIS, No. 40 Downing-street, New-York, will take place this evening at St. Mary's Church, Classon-avenue, Brooklyn.

Brooklyn Board of Education—Important to Parents—Vaccination.

A regular meeting of the Brooklyn Board of Education was held last evening, President SMITH in the chair, and there was an unusually large attendance of members, who were exceedingly loquacious, and the sitting was accordingly prolonged to an extent which would have been insupportable in almost any other body. After the usual preliminary and some routine business, unimportant to the general reader, had been disposed of, a subject of general interest was introduced by Dr. TAUSZKY, Chairman of a Special Committee appointed to consider the subject of vaccination. The Committee make a quite lengthy report, reviewing the subject in detail, and concluding with the following recommendations: 1. That the Board of Health be earnestly solicited to take prompt and energetic action to check the further progress of small-pox in the city, by making a liberal provision for gratuitous vaccination. That the Board is fully aware of the great and alarming increase in the number of victims of small pox in this city, and that it will do its best to investigate this state of things. That the Superintendent write to every teacher, and call their attention at the Normal School, to the duty of instructing the children and their parents in the necessity of vaccination; that the Law Committee prepare an act for the Legislature, requiring children to be vaccinated before they can attend the Public Schools, and that the Board of Health be requested to district the city, and provide ample facilities for general vaccination; that before any child be admitted into the Public Schools, inquiries be made to ascertain whether it has been vaccinated or not.

The resolution referring to the "alarming increase of small pox in the City" was, at the suggestion of a member of the Board, stricken out, as likely to convey an erroneous impression as to the health of the city, and the report was then unanimously adopted.

The Secretary was directed to furnish the Mayor of the city with a copy of the report, and notify His Honor of the action of the Board thereon.

This matter disposed of, one hour or more was consumed in a discussion arising upon a bill of $503, presented for repairs to one of the school-houses. It appears that the contractor agreed to do the work at a certain price, but, before he had completed the job, a member of the local Committee directed some alteration to be made from the original design, for which extra pay was demanded, amounting to twice as much as the Committee thought was a reasonable price. Every member present had something to say about the matter, but finally it was referred to a Committee to make another effort to settle it.

Dr. TAUSZKY introduced another droll ing topic. He moved that the Principals of Public Schools Nos. 1, 2, 7, 8 and 16 be directed to enforce the rule requiring all children to attend school within the district in which they reside by sending away all children in attendance upon their schools, who do not belong in the district.

It was stated that some of the schools had lost half of the members, by their leaving for other schools, where there was something that attracted the attention of the children, or to gratify the notion of parents.

Mr. PEASLEE asked to have No. 12 included in the resolution, which was accepted.

A substitute was offered, that the rule be furnished to each of the Principals, with directions to enforce the same.

Mr. LAURENT offered as an amendment that the resolution of Dr. TAUSZKY include all of the Public Schools.

The subject provoked a lively and amusing debate. The substitute and amendments were voted down and the original resolution offered by Dr. TAUSZKY was finally adopted by a unanimous vote. The Board then adjourned.

THE ARMS OF OREGON.—Oregon has adopted a State seal. The escutcheon is supported by thirty-three stars, and divided by an ordinary, with the inscription, "The Union." In relief, mountains on an elk with branching antlers, a wagon, the Pacific Ocean, on which there is a British man-of-war departing and an American steamer arriving. Two scooped quartering with a sheaf, plow and pickaxe. Crest—the American eagle. Legend—the State of Oregon. The introduction of the English man-of-war is no doubt emblematical of that nation's being obliged to relinquish its claims to the territory.

The Winans "cigar" steamship made another experimental trip on the 26th of July, for the purpose of testing the speed and the consumption of fuel. A speed of fifteen miles per hour was attained, with thirty-six revolutions per minute; the boilers working about one-third of their capacity.

Police Reports.

PASSING COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—A woman named Catharine Collins was arrested yesterday on a charge of passing a counterfeit $5 bill on the Canal-bank, New York, to Jesse Frith, a grocery man at No. 372 First avenue, in payment for some tea, receiving the change in good money. The offence is believed to have been committed on the 25th instant. The accused was arraigned before Justice KELLY, when she denied ever to have seen the bill. She was held in $500 bail to answer. Edward Howell, a sailor, was arrested by Officer Turner, of the Tenth Precinct, for passing a $5 bill, altered from the old Government Bank Bank to the Bank of the Interior, on Frederick Gugel, of No. 68 Hester-street. When arrested, it is said that the prisoner swallowed the altered note. He was taken before Justice SIMMS, who held him for examination.

ARREST OF ALLEGED PANEL THIEVES.—A man named Cary, who lives in the upper part of the City, was decoyed on Monday night by two female thieves into premises in Canal-street, where he was robbed of $15. Mr. Cary complained to the Fifth Ward police, and Officers Doyle and Kidney took the cases in hand. The police entered the house by climbing through a window, but did not find the two women. They arrested, however, Peter Curley and Jim Casey alias John Welsh, whom they found in the place, and took possession of a set of burglar's tools and some property which is supposed to have been stolen. The prisoners are both said to be noted thieves, and their incarcerations were added to the number that are collected at Police head-quarters.

SUSPECTED OF ARSON.—The fire in the dwelling-house, No. 112 Madison-street, last Monday evening, is said to have been caused by an incendiary. An investigation by the Fire Marshal has effected testimony which, it is said, directs suspicion against Miss POWERS and her sister, Miss KATE BURNS. It is alleged that they were compelled to vacate their apartments, on account of a disagreement with Mrs. WILKINSON, the landlady. They, however, retained the key; shortly before the fire broke out were seen to enter the room. They did not stay long, and left, locking the door after them. So long after their departure a lot of straw in the centre of the room was found to be burning. The young women are both held for examination, by Justice SIMMS.

ROBBED ON A STEAMBOAT.—A colored waiter, named JAMES JACKSON, employed on board the steamboat *Isaac Newton*, was arrested yesterday, on a charge of grand larceny. Mr. CHARLES H. BRANSCOMB, of St. Louis, states that he was a passenger on the steamer on her Monday night trip from Albany, and he placed his pocket book, containing $60 in gold, in his stateroom while he went below for a few minutes. During his absence JACKSON was seen to enter the stateroom, and afterwards the money could not be found. The accused was taken before Alderman BRADY, at the City Hall Police Court, and was held for examination.

BURGLARS SURPRISED.—Some burglars made an attempt to enter the mantilla store No. 267 Broadway on Monday night, but were alarmed by a clerk who sleeps in the building. The fellows had gained admittance to the hallway adjoining, and had commenced operations on the side door of the store, when their noise awoke the clerk and he gave the alarm. The burglars, in their haste to escape, left their screw-driver, chisel and centre bits, which are in possession of Capt Walling, who is anxious to find claimants for the articles.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.—Officers Jourdan and Wooldridge, of the Sixth Ward, yesterday arrested a man named John Johnson on the corner of Chatham and Dunne streets, on suspicion of being a passer of counterfeit money. Johnson had in his possession a $5 counterfeit bill on the Nassau Bank of Brooklyn altered from a genuine "one," and a counterfeit $5 on the East River Bank of this City. When arrested the prisoner attempted to conceal the evidence of his guilt from the officers, but did not succeed. He was held for examination.

Base Ball.

KNICKERBOCKER CLUB OF NEW-YORK VS. EXCELSIOR OF BROOKLYN.

The return match between these Clubs came off yesterday upon the Excelsior grounds, Penny Bridge, South Brooklyn. The interest of the public in this game may be inferred from the fact that at least five thousand persons, many of them ladies, witnessed the contest. The object of the game was to demonstrate the beauty of catching the ball on the fly instead of the bound; or, rather, not allowing the ball caught upon the first bound to put a player out. The first "fly game" between these clubs was played on the 30th June, upon the Knickerbocker grounds, at the Elysian Fields. After a beautiful exhibition game, it terminated in favor of the Excelsiors by the following score: Excelsior Club, 23 runs; Knickerbocker, 22 runs. As this game, like the first, was not played according to the rules of the "National Association of Base Ball Players," to which both are attached, it cannot, strictly speaking, rank as a match game, but as an illustration of the science of the "fly" play. It will be remembered that this question was discussed by both National Conventions, and at the last one was apparently settled by a very decided vote, the ballot standing more than two to one in favor of the ball being caught upon the bound. Yesterday's game terminated in the thorough defeat of the Knickerbocker Club, they only making five runs to the Excelsior's twenty.

The Excelsior played from the beginning to the end of the game, every man filling his position in good style. The Knickerbockers did not play in their accustomed effective manner, and the result has not added any laurels to the insignia of their Club. We append the score:

KNICKERBOCKER.	R.	L.	Runs.	EXCELSIOR.	R.	L.	Runs.
Davis, 1 f	2			Reynolds, 2 b	3		3
Wright, c	3		1	Pearsall, 1b	4		3
McLaughlin, p	3		0	Russell, p	3		3
Case bans, l f	4		0	Whiting, c f	4		3
Eisam, r f	2		1	Holden, s s	3		3
Morrow, c	2		0	Polhemus, c f	4		0
McKee, s s	4		0	Durkee, r f	3		1
Adams, 2 b	3		0	Whiting, 3 b	3		1
Welling, 3 b	3		0	Leggett, 0	3		1
Total	27		5	Total	29		20

RUNS MADE IN EACH INNINGS.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.	8th.	9th.
Knickerbocker	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3—5
Excelsior	2	3	2	0	0	2	3	1	6—20

SCORER FOR KNICKERBOCKER—Jas. F. Wenman.
SCORER FOR EXCELSIOR—S. S. Gregory.
UMPIER—Peter O'Brien, of the Atlantic Club.

Orphan's Home of Industry.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

THE ORPHAN'S HOME OF INDUSTRY,
IOWA CITY, IOWA

This Western Asylum for New-York Orphans is now supporting and training forty children, and preparing for as many more. The undersigned, proprietor, earnestly solicits needful aid, in clothing, shoes and money, which may be sent to "Care of Rev. P. D. HASKMAN, No. 765 Broadway," at which place he will be glad to see the friends of his institution, on the afternoon of any day in the week, between 2 and 5 o'clock.

C. C. TOWNSEND, Missionary.
Aug. 2, 1860.

FIREMEN'S MUSTER.—The annual muster of New England firemen is to take place the present year at Manchester, N. H., on the 14th, 15th and 16th of September. The two first days will be devoted exclusively to companies from abroad for the trial for prizes, which amount to $2000. The prizes are five in number, and are as follows: First prize, $600; second, $500; third, $350; fourth, $100; fifth, $50. On the last day home companies will contend for prizes, and at the close there will be horse trotting and pacing for purses. It is also in contemplation to offer a handsome reward to the best steam fire engine, whose merits shall be determined by trial.

ABOLITIONISTS' GATHERING AT ABINGTON.—The Abolitionists of Boston, Plymouth, and many other places, had a large gathering at Island Grove, Abington, on Saturday, to celebrate the anniversary of the West India Emancipation. Wm. LLOYD GARRISON was President of the day, and speeches were made by Mr. Garrison, the Rev. U. M. Fox, of Taunton; Edmund Quincy, J. Frank Kelly, a graduate of Brown University; Henry C. Wright, Mr. Wasson, one of the Oberlin eleven rescuers; Mrs. Rogers, of Salem, and others. The slave-woman MARIA, who was brought from Plymouth recently and freed, was present, and colloquies were taken up in her behalf.

Fatal Accident.

A little son of Mr. JOHN MCGUIRE, residing at No. 1 Cherry-street, Brooklyn, was run over by a horse and cart, on Monday afternoon, and so severely injured that he died in a few hours afterwards. The driver of the cart was arrested by Officer MCCARTHY, of the Fifth Precinct, and held to bail in the sum of $500 to answer before the Coroner.

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DIED.

HAWES.—In this City, on Tuesday evening, Aug. 7, of a short but severe illness, ELIZABETH, infant daughter of Solomon and Elizabeth Hawes, aged 15 years and 10 months.

"The girl of the period."

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 213 West 12th-st., at 5 o'clock, on Thursday morning. The funeral services will take place this (Wednesday) evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the residence of his parents. The remains will be taken to Peekskill for interment.

WILLOUGHBY.—In this City, on Tuesday, Aug. 2, JOSEPH WILLOUGHBY, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 366 Hudson-st., without further invitation.

SNOWDEN.—In this City, on Tuesday, Aug. 7, at 6 P. M., of cholera infantum, GEORGE HOLMES, youngest son of G. P. and S. Snowden.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, No. 299 10th-st.

DUDLEY.—In Brooklyn, on Monday, Aug. 1, Mrs. SUSAN M. DUDLEY, wife of Wm. H. Dudley, M. D.

The funeral will be solemnized at Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, on Thursday, at 2 o'clock. The friends of Dr. Dudley are hereby requested to attend, without further invitation.

McGUIRE.—In this City, on Monday evening, Aug. 1, after a short illness, of congestion of the lungs, JULIA ANN, only daughter of John and Annie McGuire, in the 3d year of her age.

The friends of the family, and those of her uncles, Patrick and Michael Begg, and John Cully are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 10 Centre-st., on Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 2 o'clock, without further notice.

FOX.—On Monday evening, Aug. 1, Dr. LYMAN FOX, aged 56 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and members of Arcana Lodge, No. 214, of F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his brother in law, J. W. McGuire, No. 1 South 2d-st., Williamsburg, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

TRASBALE.—At Morrisania, on Monday Aug. 1, at 8:10 A. M., of disease of the heart, SUSAN JANE, youngest daughter of George E. and Adaline O. Trasbale, aged 3 years and 5 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, without further invitation, from the residence of his parents, Morrisania, at 5 o'clock. This (Wednesday) afternoon.

ANDERSON.—At the Red Sweet Springs, Virginia, on Sunday, July 31, in the 80th year of his age, the Rev Dr. JAMES WARREN ANDERSON, Pastor of the Church, and 40th st. Presbyterian Church, of this City.

His funeral will take place at Princeton, N. J., this (Wednesday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

FISHER.—At Newburgh, N. Y., on Sunday, July 31, HELEN LOUISA, daughter of Henry and Louisa R. Fisher, aged 4 months and 10 days.

VERMILYE.—In Rockaway, L. I., on Friday, July 27, of cholera infantum, MARY EVELYN, infant daughter of Adrian H. and Daisy W. Vermilye, of this City, aged 1 month and 7 days.

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Quart bottles, $1; six in a box, $5. Sold at No. 6 Astor House, No. 863 Broadway, No. 153 Bowery, Hayes, Brooklyn. Depôt No. 6 Varick-st.

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Try FARQUAR'S CALIFORNIA WINE or BRANDY, medicated with Peruvian Bark, Rhubarb and Juniper Berries—pleasant to the taste, yet remedially powerful in
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Long years have I wandered unbidden and free,
And often the young and the old,
And laid in the couch of the rich and the poor,
And frightened the warrior bold.
But power is waning fast from me—
A Powder Magnetic and strong,
Invented by LYON, in death to our tribe,
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LYON'S POWDER is harmless to mankind, but will kill all house insects, garden worms plant lice, &c. LYON'S MAGNETIC PILLS are sure death for rats and mice. Sold everywhere
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MOUNT VERNON.
TO THE PUBLIC.—We respectfully ask your attention to our new brand of Mount Vernon Fine cut Chewing Tobacco which
is composed of excellence, stands to no equal. It is manufactured from the best selected material in the market, which, for its quality, we challenge competition with any other brand. The public have long wanted an article pure, without any of those admixtures of deleterious substances which so frequently contaminate chewing tobacco.
The Mount Vernon is devoted to the purchase and improvement of the home of Washington, and we respectfully ask that you should aid us in our enterprise.
Sold by all dealers, and at the manufactory, No. 297 Duane-st.
BARBER, PALMER & CO.

OSWEGO CURE FOR BLINDNESS.
This remedy is reliable; contains no oil, lead or sugar; it has been tested in Boston, Providence and the Eastern States by W. H. GRIFFIN, Proprietor, Swampscott, Mass. Sold by E. M. Gaines, No. 139 Broadway; Jones & Co., No. 13 Tremont-row, Boston; Jones, No. 416 Broadway, New-York; Jones, No. 274 Bowery, New-York; Mrs. Harper & F. Miles, and Reynolds & Co., Brooklyn; J. F. Potter, Jersey City; J. F. Mercer, Newark. BARNES & PARK, Nos. 19 and 21 Park row, General Agents.
And all Druggists.

NEW-YORK TYPE FOUNDERY,
Nos. 60 and 62 Beekman-st., corner of Gold.
CHARLES WHITE & CO.
Book, News and Wood Type, Printing Ornaments, Presses and every other requisite for a complete printing office, for sale upon the most reasonable terms.
A Specimen Book will be sent, upon application, to those wishing to order. Also estimates in detail furnished for news and job offices.

ST. CATHARINE'S MINERAL WATER
Stands the record of all other medicines as a perfect cure of Gout, Rheumatism and all sore of the blood. See *Herald* Monday Aug. 1—a letter from the Springs will convince any one of the efficacy of this favorite mineral water.
D. L. MATHER, Agent,
Astor House, New-York.

Price $6 per dozen.

HEATING AND VENTILATION.—THE FURNACES of the
NEW YORK HOT-WATER FURNACE COMPANY,
(Leach's Patent,)
are the "great desideratum" of the age.
NO DUST—NO GASES.
No danger of setting fire to buildings. No shrinking of woodwork or furniture.
An abundance of fresh air, warmed to a proper temperature, with all its moisture and vitality.
Persons suffering from affections of the throat, chest or lungs, find these furnaces invaluable.
Call and get a circular.
NEW-YORK HOT-WATER FURNACE COMPANY,
No. 615 Broadway, cor. Prince-st., New-York.

LIFE DROPS, TRIED, TESTED AND
Learned by the great experiment to be the BEST remedy for all diseases of the
SKIN, BLOOD AND NERVES.
Prepared by HALL'S ROW, No. 15 Bowery, and sold by druggists at 50 cents a bottle.

SPALDING'S PRIZE AGENT GLUE,
USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE,
SOLD BY COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS GENERALLY.
SOLD BY GROCERS.
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.
SOLD BY HARDWARE DEALERS.
SOLD BY HOUSE FURNISHING STORES.
SOLD BY FURNITURE DEALERS.
SOLD BY FANCY GOODS DEALERS.
SOLD BY GROCERS.
Manufactured by
H. C. SPALDING,
No. 17 PLATT-ST., NEW-YORK.
Address Post Office, Box No. 3,292.
Annexed is an Alphabetical list of Articles which, if damaged, may be restored to their original strength and usefulness by the celebrated Glue.

A.....ACCOUNT BOOKS
B.....BUREAUS
C.....CRADLES
D.....DOLLS
E.....ETAGERES
F.....FANS
G.....GUITARS
H.....HARPS
I.....INLAID WORK
J.....JARS
K.....KNOBS
L.....LEATHER WOR

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AT A NATIVE OF Ireland, who has been in the country 6 months, as nurse or to take care of children; would assist the cook; has lived with the present family 2 years; is willing to make herself generally useful; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 115 Thirty-fifth-st., between 5th and 6th aves.

WANTED—BY TWO ENGLISH PROTESTANT girls, situations in a private family, one for general housework, in a genteel cook, and a superior washer and ironer, the other as chambermaid and seamstress; are neat, tidy and obliging, and have no objection to assist in washing. Both have been with their present mistress 4 years, and leave because she is breaking up housekeeping. Will go together or separate to a good home. Will be together or separate as may be desired, and can give the best of references from their late employers. Apply at No. 324 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A SITuation as cook; is an excellent cook; understands the bread and pastry branches; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; would prefer to engage in a private family; would like to go to the country; can be highly recommended for honesty and capability. Can be seen for two days at No. 107 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th aves.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A SITuation as cook; is an excellent cook; understands the business in all its branches; has no objection to assist in the washing and ironing; would prefer to engage in a private family; would like to go to the country; can be highly recommended for honesty and capability. Can be seen for two days at No. 107 West 19th-st., between 6th and 7th aves.

WANTED—BY TWO MOST RESPECTABLE girls, sisters, who are really good workers, situations to do housework in New-York or Brooklyn; can do good cooking and first-rate washing and ironing; the other can do fine needlework and dressmaking; are quiet and efficient and highly respectable girls. Apply at No. 23 Union-pl., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS MATRON OR housekeeper, by a middle-aged woman, who is thoroughly competent, and trustworthy female, in a Seminary or Institution; understands conducting thoroughly; if in a private family where neat and confidence are required, would not object to a few scholars; can be the best of reference as to character and capability. Call or address Mrs. E., 1,000 Broadway, up stairs, for three days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation in a private family to do chamberwork and plain sewing; or would assist in washing; has no objection to go to the country. Can be seen for two days at No. 104 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as seamstress; cuts and fits children's clothes; is quick at the needle; makes shirts neatly; does all kinds of fine sewing; wages, $7 per month, or $3 per week. Also, a situation as chambermaid and waiting on a lady; is used to dressing her; the neatest manner of doing which will be a recommend; has been out of the last 2½ months with the washing; wages, $7. Call at No. 344 East 23d-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one as first rate cook and superior washer and ironer; the other as lady's maid and traveling companion; is a perfect hair dresser and waiter; is well experienced. Call at No. 126 10th-st., between 7th and 8th aves., for two days. Means best respectable families can want.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STEADY, COMpetent woman, as cook in a private family; she thoroughly understands her business; is a good baker of bread, biscuits and muffins; would assist in washing; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 123 23d-st., between 5th and 6th ave.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework in a small private family, or to do chamberwork and to assist in washing and ironing; has three years' best of references from her last place. Apply at No. 748 2d-av., third door, front room, two flights up.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD COOK, washer and ironer, plain and fine cakes; can make several kinds of desserts; is willing to assist in washing and ironing when not engaged in cooking; is a master of a small family. Call at No. 326 8th-av., near 35th-st. Can be seen till engaged.

WANTED—A SITUATION FOR A NEAT, TIDY and respectable Protestant young woman as chambermaid and seamstress; is well versed in all the duties of a lady's maid; is capable of cutting and dressing; will be found to be a very adept and an excellent servant, and can give first-class references. Can be seen at No. 6 Court-st., Brooklyn, (basement.)

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as chambermaid and seamstress; has no objection to assist with children or make herself generally useful. Best of City reference from her last situation. Call at No. 362 2d-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED widow, to take care of a child and do light chamberwork, and sewing; to make herself useful, and also a young girl for plain housework in a small family. Inquire at No. 130 West 30th-st., for three days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, a situation as cook, washer and ironer; or would do housework; by a orderly connections and trustworthy female, in a Seminary or Institution; understands conducting thoroughly; if in a private family where neat and confidence are required, would not object to a few scholars; can be the best of reference as to character and capability. Call or address Mrs. E., 1,000 Broadway, up stairs, for three days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as chambermaid and waiting, or general housework in a private family; has no objection to the country. Apply at No. 103 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as laundress, or chambermaid and wash and iron; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 104 West 28th-st.

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WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as cook, and would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing in a small private family; good City reference. Call at No. 331 East 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A NEAT, INDUSTRIOUS GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family; has no objection to go to Newark. Call at No. 363 West 12th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN THE CITY, BY a young German girl, (sisters,) who speak English fluently, to do chamber and light housework. Apply at No. 60 Norfolk-st., in the cigar store.

THE ADVERTISER, AN AMERICAN LADY of refinement and respectability, desires to obtain a home as a lady's companion and housekeeper, or as a family governess; would not object to the instruction of children; a permanent home of the first more than compensation; would leave the City or travel; travel with a family. Communications addressed to M. M. P., Chatham square Post-office, for one week, will be promptly attended to.

GOOD FRENCH, GERMAN, SCOTCH, ENGlish, Irish, and every other kind of servants, together with an English, French and German first class cook, may be obtained at the office, No. 28 and 14 Bible House, 4th-av., between 8th and 9th sts. A lady in attendance. French and German languages spoken.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND HIS WIFE, SITUations in City or country. The man as coachman and groom, or to work on a farm; understands thoroughly the care and management of horses; is also a good practical gardener and farmer, having worked on one farm the 9 years. The wife to cook, wash and iron; or do plain cooking in a small family; are both persons of the most reliable habits, and would value a good home more than high wages. Apply at No. 414 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS, BY A MAN AND HIS wife, (without children,) on a gentleman's farm; the man understands all kinds of common farm work and plain gardening, care of horses, dairying, &c.; is willing to make himself generally useful on a gentleman's place; the woman is a thorough cook and an excellent washer and ironer. Both are sober and reliable persons, and have excellent recommendations from their late employers, and will hire for moderate wages. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A PERSON OF FIRST-rate business habits, of unexceptionable character, and A No. 1 security to give, with a view to a permanent engagement with some dry goods house to become their traveling agent; could produce the very best of references that are entirely satisfactory. Any one desirous to employ on a person thus qualified will address THOMAS JONES, Box No. 125 Times Office, where an interview may be had.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS COACHMAN AND groom, by a man of long experience in the care of horses and carriages in Europe and New-York. Can produce the best of references from his employers in New-York for the last ten years. Has lived with his last employer four years, and by whom addressed to J. C., at Peck, Meriwether's, Saddler and Harness Maker, No. 454 Broadway, will be strictly attended to until engaged.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation to cook, wash, and iron, or do chamberwork and washing. Has no objection to go a short distance in the country, with a family. Call at No. 138 16th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A SITUAtion to do chamberwork and waiting, or general housework in a private family; has no objection to the country. Apply at No. 103 West 29th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as laundress, or chambermaid and wash and iron; has the best of reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 104 West 28th-st.

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WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, SITUATIONS; the man as coachman or gardener, or would take the charge of a small farm; the woman as cook, washer, and ironer; is a good baker; can give good reference as to character, and is perfectly sober and honest; both are fully competent to fill their situations. Address J. A., Box No. 1,000 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN, a situation as coachman, gardener, or steward; is fully competent for either situation. Good reference. No objection to the country. A good farmer wants a place in City or Brooklyn. Call or address COACHMAN, No. 318 Broadway, up stairs.

WANTED—A COACHMAN OR GROOM'S SITUAtion by a single young man, who can produce seven years' recommendations from his last place; would be willing to make himself generally useful, or have a small garden in order if required. Address D. M., Box No. 219 Times Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A WELL RECOMMENDED PROtestant young German, a situation; he is a good coachman and groom, understands the care and management of horses well; is also a good vegetable gardener and farmer, is willing to work and make himself useful to his employer. Call at No. 328 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLE-AGED man, who is a practical gardener, lately from England; he can give excellent testimonials of character and competency from his last situation, which he held thirteen years. Address in the care of Mr. JOHN BOYCE, No. 14 Montgomery-st., Albany, New-York.

WANTED—A BOY IN A FANCY GOODS HOUSE; one about sixteen years of age and having been in a store preferred; must be an American, live with his parents and can give unquestionable integrity of character. Address Box No. 3,125 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A BOOK-KEEPER, A SITUATION in a wholesale house, hardware preferred. Refers to his present employers, with whom he has been several years. Address E., Box No. 139 Times Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS BOOK-BUILDER; is a good sewer, and can give satisfactory references. Address E. S. J., post paid, No. 3 Union-st., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PERSON OF respectability, as coachman; is a sober and steady man, and can produce the highest recommendations as to honesty, capability, &c. Any one wanting such a person that they can place the most implicit confidence in, and one that will study the interest of their employer, will address A. B., Box No. 210 Times Office, where an interview may be had.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a man who is practically conversant with all branches of the business, as his letters of recommendation will fully testify and guarantee; is capable of an experienced gardener, &c.; no objection to take charge of a farm with the garden department. A note addressed to INDUSTRY, in care of Benjamin F. Young, seed-store, No 9 John-st., will be attended to for three days. Best of City reference.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED MAN, a Scotchman, as coachman, who has had long experience in the care and management of both young and old horses, and can show the highest of recommendations from the best families both in this City and in the old country, as to honesty, sobriety, carefulness, &c.; no objection to the country. A note addressed to W. H., Box No. 133 Times Office, will be punctually attended to.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A STRONG, TRUSTworthy man, as a porter, or to work in a store; is a good, plain, tidy writer and willing to make himself useful; has been many years with horses since he was a boy. Can show the best of recommendations from his late employers. By addressing a note to W. GORDON, No. 134 East 34th-st., it will be punctually attended to for one week.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN (German), speak English well), a situation as coachman; understands his business perfectly; no objection to the country. Can give the best references as to honesty and ability; has lived several years with his present employer. Address for one week, WEST CHESTER, Box No. 136 Times Office, with name, country, age, reference, last place, &c.

WANTED—RIGHT OR TEN YOUNG MEN, WITH $25 to $100, to engage in a very safe and profitable business. With energy and enterprise they can make $100 to $200 per month. Apply at No. 439 Broadway, Room No. 6.

WANTED—A GARDENER, A PROTESTANT, who must understand the business in all its branches and produce the best references as to capability and character. Address T. A. M., Box No. 129 Times Office, for three days.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COACH PAINTER, one who is capable of finishing; none other need apply; wages no object if work suits. Apply at No. 612 Broadway.

WANTED—A TRAVELING AGENT, WITH GOOD address and experience in the varnish trade, and one who has traveled before only need apply. Address N. N., Box No. 130 Times Office.

WANTED—A FEW FIRST-CLASS CANVASSING agents, for a handsome and valuable work to be sold exclusively by subscription. Apply to GEORGE W. ELLIOTT, at Harper & Brothers, Franklin-square.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE TO COOK, WASH and iron; the other to do chamberwork and plain sewing. Apply at No. 25 South 9th-st., Williamsburgh.

PERSONAL.

IF MISS MARTHA McGLEW, OF LONDON, will forward her address to G. H., New-York Post office, she will hear of something to her advantage.

MATRIMONIAL.

MATRIMONIAL.—A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, A member of one of the best families of Virginia and South Carolina, of unusually high literary and political attainments and position, but unfortunately in moderate circumstances, (being worth only $10 000,) would be pleased to correspond with a view to matrimony, with a young lady or widow whose means are sufficiently ample to aid him in achieving the success his ambition prompts; she must be of a good family, well-educated, intelligent, and above all, candid and sincere; the best references, both in this City and elsewhere, will be cheerfully furnished to an approved correspondent. All communications addressed to RANDOLPH, Madison-square Post-office, for two days, will be sacredly preserved and carefully answered.

MATRIMONIAL.—ONLY LADIES AND GENtlemen of the Upper Ten can have their matrimonial views confidentially entertained and to keep select. Fee not less than One Hundred Dollars. Address Commissioner E., New-York Post-office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—YESTERDAY, BETWEEN ONE AND TWO o'clock, in going from Jay-st., Brooklyn, in the Greenpoint cars to Fulton Ferry, from thence to Broadway, through Fulton-st., New-York, a lady's small GENEVA WATCH, white face, enameled in small blue leaves on the case. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at J. S. MACKAY'S, No. 6 Court-st., Brooklyn.

$300 LOST—ON MONDAY, AUG. 1, 1862, FIFteen $20 notes on the Bank of the State of New-York. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at the Bank of America, No. 46 Wall-st., Y. Y.

LOST—A SMALL YELLOW ITALIAN GREYHOUND SLUT; any one returning the same to No. 13 Madison-square, north, will get $5 reward.

STATIONERY.

CARSON & HARD,
WHOLESALE
PAPER WAREHOUSE,
No. 65 Nassau-st., New-York.
Also, an entire new article of Ruled Paper in sheets such as BILL-HEADS, two to eight on a sheet.
Also,
PATENT SHADED SEAL CAP.
All kinds of Ruled Paper at 25 per cent. less than the usual cost of ruling by the
PATENT STEAM RULING MACHINE DIAMOND POINTED PEN.

YOUR CUSTOM SOLICITED BY
FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
STATIONERS AND PRINTERS, No. 45 Maiden-lane.

RUSSIAN FRIGATE GENERAL ADMIRAL.—Lithographs of this vessel, plain and colored, for sale by SLOTE & JANES, Stationers, 63 Fulton-st.

MUSICAL BOXES.

MECHANICAL SINGING-BIRD AND MUSical Boxes of all styles and sizes, playing 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 24 and 36 tunes in polished rosewood, plain and rosewood boxes, with every variety of accompaniments, manufactured by the best makers of Switzerland, expressly for this market.
HARMONIPHONE,
MANDOLINES,
OUVERTURES,
EXPRESSIVES,
FORTE PIANOS.
Bells, Drums, Castanettes and Flutes accompaniment.
FALLARD & MARTIN,
Importers of Watches and Musical Boxes,
No. 21 Maiden-lane, New-York.
Musical boxes repaired.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

EXPRESS WAGON FOR SALE—MADE BY E. Stephenson. To be seen at 7 Seventh-av. Stable, No. 14 East 16th-st. Inquire of D. HODGMAN, India-rubber Warehouse, No. 37 Maiden-lane.

TO COAL DEALERS.—FOR SALE, TWO GOOD cart horses, three sets coal-harness, one desk, a new and very superior coal scale, coal bins, screens, &c. Inquire in the office, No. 540 3d-av.

TEAM FOR SALE.—TWO HORSES, TRUCK and harness, in good condition. Apply this day only, to R. C. MILLER, No. 198 Fulton-st.

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

I. O. B. J.—THE A. M. GRAND LODGE OF Southern New-York will commence its annual session, in the room of the Hall Grand st. and WOOSTER-st., at 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, 4th inst., and continue on Thursday. By order. JOHN J. DAVIES, G. Sec.

INSTRUCTION.

POUGHKEEPSIE
FEMALE ACADEMY.
Rev. P. C. WAGNER, M. A., Principal,
assisted by
ACCOMPLISHED AND EXPERIENCED TEACHERS.
A Circular to the Principal or
R. D. VANIER, Sec'y of Trustees.
Poughkeepsie, July 30, 1862.

ARENTA SEMINARY.—ESTABLISHED 1836.—Rev. D. GAGE, A. M., Principal. First-class Boarding School—male and female. Advantages: healthy location, ease of access, thorough instruction from experienced teachers. Unsurpassed in Music and Painting. Fall Term of fourteen weeks opens Aug. 28. Board per annum, English, $220. For Circulars, &c., address the Principal, or GEO. W. GENTER, Amenia, Dutchess County, N. Y.

BUSINESS WRITING, BOOK-KEEPING, ARITHMETIC CHEAP. ANCUS TURNER, DOLLER'S, No. 459 Broadway, Room 3, the largest Commercial Institution in New-York. Gentlemen or boys who secure seats now will be practically qualified for Fall business, on low terms. Public room $40; private room $15. Two $10 seats vacant for evenings.

ACADEMY OF LANGUAGES, 220 BROADway, F. MARTINELLI, PRINCIPAL.—Instruction given in French, Italian, German, Spanish, Latin, Greek and English. Ladies' classes from 2 A. M. to 5 P. M. Gentlemen's classes from 6 A. M. to 10 P. M. Terms to commence for per quarter. For further information apply to F. MARTINELLI.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY, STAMFORD, CONN.—The Autumn term commences Sept. 10. Terms $225 per year, including board and New-York branches. Circulars containing full particulars may be obtained of Rev. Lockwood & Son, No. 611 Broadway, or by addressing the Principal, Miss AIKEN, Stamford, Conn.

BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR BOYS AT WILTON, CONN.—Pupils received at any time. The school is easy of access from New-York. Location healthy. Terms from $250 to $300 per year. The pupils are under the immediate care of the Principal. For full particulars address the Principal.
AUGUSTUS WHITLOCK.

FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.—No. 23 East 20th-st. MLLE. ROWLAND and assistants respectfully inform their friends and the public that the exercises of their school will be resumed on the 15th September next. Terms and other particulars made known on application at the school.

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, MAPLEWOOD, PITTSFIELD, MASS.—Annual Catalogue and Circular just published. Persons desiring a copy will please address the Principals, Rev. C. V. SPEAR and Rev. J. R. BOYD.

A NEW ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, by the Rev. HUBBARD WINSLOW, late of Boston, where he was eminently successful as an educator, will commence at his residence No. 32 West 31st-st., New-York City, on the 15th of September next.

BOYS' BOARDING SCHOOL AT NEWROCHELLE.—This institution will enter on its 14th term the 1st September. Circulars, by addressing the Principal, who will call on applicants, if desired, can be had in or near the City of New-York. R. LOCKWOOD.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE.—CIRCULARS giving full particulars can be obtained at E. GOODENOUGH'S Bookstore, No. 122 Nassau-st., New-York, or of A. NEWMAN, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

WANTED.—A PROFESSOR OF THE SCIENCE OF Chemistry would like a situation as teacher and lecturer on the Natural Sciences in an educational institution, or as superintendent in a manufacturing or sole drug-gist establishment. He has been engaged in delivering public lectures, and has been connected for many years with the superintendence of schools in one of the largest towns in Massachusetts. Satisfactory reference furnished. Address Box No. 4,815 New-York Post-office.

ACCOMPLISHED TEACHERS WANTED—For the following positions; personal interview preferred: 2 professors of piano, guitar, violin and singing; 3 ladies for piano, guitar and singing; 2 French ladies, single; one of German and music; 3 lady governesses; many others. Also, many others. Salaries $400, $600, $650, $1,000, $1,200. Apply at the American School Institute, SMITH, WOODMAN & CO., No. 245 Broadway. References, Wm. Hall & Son, Mason Bros., N. Y.

TUITION.—AN ENGLISH TEACHER, OF LONG practical experience, who has superintended the English Department of an Academy in this City, a series of years, and whose labors have been attended with the greatest success, tenders his services for a like field of operations the ensuing term. Address A. Z., Box No. 111 Times Office.

A PRESBYTERIAN CLERGYMAN, WHO is an experienced and successful teacher, and having children of his own to educate, desires an eligible position in some literary institution, or, he would open a first-class school in a favorable location. Address M., Box No. 143 Times Office, for one week. Best of reference given and required.

TEACHER.—A LADY, EDUCATED IN ENGLAND, highly qualified and experienced in teaching English, French, (which she speaks fluently,) Music and Italian, wishes situation as governess. No objection to go South. The highest references given. Address MINNA, Post-office, Brooklyn.

TUITION FOR BOARD.—WANTED IN SEPtember, by a young gentleman of liberal education and good family, engaged in studying a profession, board in a quiet family, in exchange for private tuition. Address, one week C. C. D., Box No. 2,814 Post-office.

A THOROUGH CLASSICAL AND ENGLISH scholar, and experienced teacher would like an engagement as principal or assistant. Address Box No. 113 Post-office, Princeton, N. J.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GUTTA-PERCHA
CEMENT ROOFING.
THE CHEAPEST AND MOST DURABLE ROOFING IN USE.
Can be applied to old Shingle Roofs, without removing the shingles.
NEW AND OLD TIN AND METAL ROOFS
Coated and repaired with
GUTTA-PERCHA CEMENT,
And warranted WATER-TIGHT.
Specimens and references can be seen at the offices No. 516 Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel, New-York and No. 349 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.
LIQUID CEMENT for sale. JOHNS & CROSLEY.

SOUTHERN MEN
Will please call and examine the new anti-friction
COTTON-PRESS,
Both for packing and compressing.
Also,
TOBACCO, CHEESE, AND CIDER PRESSES.
All of which are constructed under one patent, issued June 24, 1856, and may be seen by calling on A. H. EMERY, the inventor and patentee, who will remain at his rooms at the Astor House a few days for the purpose of selling to parties desiring an interest therein. Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., and from 2 to 6 P. M.

IMPORTANT TO EVERY MAN WHO KEEPS A HORSE, COW, SHEEP OR PIG.
THORLEY'S FOOD FOR CATTLE,
As imported from England,
for renovating and bringing into condition all kinds of stock.
This Food can only be had genuine in the United States by applying to D. THORLEY, depot No. 176 Greenwich-st., New-York. Price $14 per barrel, containing 448 lbs. Testimonials sent free on application.

PEOPLE'S EXPRESS.
NEW-YORK, BROOKLYN AND FLATBUSH.
Baggage and packages of every description delivered in any part of New-York and Brooklyn. Offices No. 65 Broadway, New-York, and New-York Times office. Offices in Brooklyn: Jones' Hotel, Fulton Ferry; No. 3 Atlantic-st., South Ferry; No. 327 Fulton-st., opposite City Hall. Stables in Brooklyn, Pacific-st., near Hart.

OFFICE FOR PROCURING
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN PATENTS.
J. P. PIERSON, No. 2 Wall-st., New-York.
A pamphlet of information sent free.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED, in the best manner, by the finest London and Geneva workmen, at GEO. C. ALLEN'S, No. 415 Broadway, one door below Canal-st., formerly No. 11 Wall-st.

A GOOD THING
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THE
SHILLING
HAIR TONIC,
HIGHLY PERFUMED,
RETAILS FOR ONLY 12 CENTS.
EVERYBODY CAN BUY IT.

Bottles hold more, and the article is fully equal to any that retails at 50 cents.
Sold by all druggists and fancy goods dealers. Wholesale depôt, No. 139 Maiden-lane.

FOR SALE—THE STEAM SCREW-YACHT FANNY BOARDMAN, as she now lies at the foot of 8th-st., East River. Now having been licensed in July last. She is 84 feet long, 16 feet 6 inches beam, and 6 feet 6 inches hold; has a large and commodious cabin, splendidly fitted up with every convenience; speed from 10 to 12 miles an hour, and a good sea boat. For particulars, inquire of JOHNSON & HIGGINS, No. 80 Wall-st., or at the Neptune Iron Works, 8th-st.

FOR SALE—THE A 1 PROPELLER NIAGARA, nearly new, and her machinery in complete order, of the following dimensions: 96 feet long, 17 feet beam and 8 feet hold; capable of carrying 175 tons. For further particulars apply at the Dry Dock Iron Works, No. 425 East 10th-st.

MINERAL OIL.—THIS IS A VERY SUPERIOR Coal Oil, unsurpassed in quality and cheapness by any other in market. There is nothing more beautiful in color, or more brilliant or durable in burning. It does not require any chimney, and is entirely odorless, and being uniform, purchasers will always obtain the same excellent article. Barrels 40 gallons. Agents wanted.
JOHN W. QUINOT & CO., No. 10 William-st.

COAL $4 50.—I AM DELIVERING THE BEST quality of coal ash, stove and grate Coal, and Lehigh and Lorberry Mountain for range and furnace, well screened, at $4 50 per ton; weight warranted 2,000 pounds to the ton, or furnish the Coal.
JOHN MACDONALD, corner 37th-st. and 6th-av.

AGRICULTURAL.

SUPERPHOSPHATE OF LIME.
BONE DUST.
FISH GUANO.
For sale by A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

PERUVIAN GUANO
In quantities to suit purchasers.
For sale by
A. LONGETT, No. 34 Cliff-st.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

GUINNESS' STOUT PORTER.
Messrs. A. GUINNESS, SON & CO., of Dublin, have appointed the undersigned their resident agents in the United States for their Stout Porter. Orders for this very popular Stout, bottled or in bulk, carefully executed. A stock of the Stout in Quarter, Imperial Pints and corresponding Stock, bottled in Dublin, by Messrs. J. & J. Curtis, Brass-st., Cork and for sale by C. E. HARRIS, No. 17 Pine-st., New-York.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER RESORTS.
MANCHESTER, Va.
SOUTH HOUSE,
By C. J. Cave.
VANDERLIP'S HOTEL,
By R. M. VANDERLIP & Son.
VERMONT HOUSE,
By Gideon A. Smith.

Manchester is pleasantly situated among the Green Mountains of the north of Vermont.
For healthy and romantic scenery, invigorating air, fine roads, and good trout fishing, this place is unsurpassed.
There is a good carriage road to the summit of Mt. Equinox. 3 feet from above Lake Water.
Good board may be had in private families at moderate prices.
Three daily trains from Troy, connecting with New-York steamers and Hudson River Railroad.
Time by rail from New-York to Manchester seven hours.

COUNTRY BOARD.—A SMALL PRIVATE FAMily in the beautiful village of Nyack, having a few spare rooms, would take two or three small families to board for the Summer season. The house is nearly new and is pleasantly situated; it has twice a fine view of the Hudson River. The location is healthy, being just far enough from the thickest part of the village to make it pleasant and comfortable. Nyack is easy of access there being three steamboats plying there daily; also steam ferry boat in connection with the boats and railroads on the other side of the River. There is accommodation for horses, should any one wish to keep their carriage. Terms moderate. Address, for one week, A. P., Box No. 180 Times Office, which will receive prompt attention.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
Fourth Orange, N. J., near railroad depôt; only one hour from New-York, via Morris and Essex Railroad; beautiful location, pure air, spring water and baths. Carriages to meet cars. Trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st. at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., and 2:30, 5:30, and 6:40 P. M.
CHARLES SPRINGER, Proprietor.

BOARDING AT A FARM HOUSE.—THREE or four desirable rooms for families or others can be had in a large farm mansion beautifully located near Glen Cove, on immediate application to the subscriber personally, or by letter, addressed CHARLES UNDERHILL, Glen Cove, Long Island.

BOARD AT A FARM-HOUSE WANTED BY a gentleman, wife, three or four children and servant, in a healthy part of the country, not over 25 miles; terms moderate. Address, Box No. 1715 Post-office, New-York City. One or two other families, if convenient, would like to accompany them.

COUNTRY BOARD WITHIN THREE MILES OF NEW-YORK.—A gentleman and wife, or two single gentlemen, can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and good board at reasonable terms, by applying to Mrs. CADMUS, Sherwood, Bergen, New-Jersey. References exchanged. Persons will be directed by the stage agent, Jersey City Ferry.

COUNTRY BOARD AT FISHKILL LANDING.—A few boarders can be accommodated in a large house, with pleasant rooms, about ¾ of a mile from depôt. Apply to Mrs. C. A. SMITH, Fishkill Landing, P. O. WILLIAMS, Mrs., No. 123 Chambers-st., or Mr. C. E. POTTER, No. 93 South-st., New-York.

COUNTRY BOARD.—ONE OR TWO FAMILIES may obtain board at a farm-house, beautifully situated beside the river, about eight miles south of Long Branch; good recommendations for boating, fishing and sailing. Terms moderate. For particulars, apply at No. 18 Leroy-st., New-York.

CLIFFWOOD HOUSE—NEAR KEYPORT, Monmouth County, N. J.—This elegant and desirable country seat, with its extensive shade trees, shrubbery, fine groves, fine bathing, fishing, &c.; steamers leave foot of Murray and Barclay sts. every morning and evening; fare 25 cents. T. POUCHER, Proprietor.

ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE AS A SUMMER RESORT.—This elegant establishment will be open for boarders until Sept. 4. A few choice apartments for families may be secured by early application to L. D. & C. F. MANSFIELD, Nyack, on the Hudson.

SEA-SIDE HOUSE, FAR ROCKAWAY.—The Far Rockaway House is open for the reception of visitors. The location of Far Rockaway, commanding both the sea and bay, and but two hours from New-York, is second to none on the sea-shore.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, or two single gentlemen, can obtain a nicely-furnished front room on second floor, with home privileges and comforts, at No. 2 Bozrmer-place, West 23d st. Also, a large back room on third floor, suitable for a party of three gentlemen friends. House pleasantly located; has all the modern improvements.

BOARDING.—FULL OR PARTIAL BOARD WITH a large well-furnished room on second or third floor, can be had in a strictly private family in 21st-st., near 6th-av., rooms have gas, hot and cold water, and could be let to single gentlemen or gentleman and lady. No children. References exchanged. Address L. W., Box No. 145 Times Office.

BOARDING.—A PLEASANT PARLOR AND BEDRoom on the second floor may be obtained at No. 76 East 14th-st., near Union-square; also a single room. Southern families would find this a desirable location.

BOARDING.—AT NOS. 45, 47 AND 49 EAST BROADway, for families or single gentlemen. E. BOUTON.

BOARD IN BROOKLYN.—A SMALL FAMIly, living in a delightful location, would let one or two rooms with partial board. Gas and bath. References exchanged. Address R. S., Box No. 120 Times Office.

TO LET.—A FURNISHED ROOM, TO ONE OR two gentlemen, at 683 Broadway, opposite Great Jones-st.; beautiful and most healthy location. Terms moderate.

PROPOSALS.

JERSEY CITY, July 30, 1862.

NOTICE TO ICE DEALERS.—THE WATER Commissioners of Jersey City will receive at their office, until Monday, August 18, proposals for the right to cut and secure the ice which may be produced on the Distributing Reservoir of the Jersey City Water Works, for three years, from NOVEMBER 1, 1862.

The contract will contain the following stipulations: First, prohibiting the contractor from cutting on the ice except by permission of the appointed contractors of the appraised value of the improvements now in use for the prosecution of the ice business at

INSURANCE.

$100,000 TO LEND ON BOND AND Mortgage on improved city property in sums to suit, and for which interest will be made easy. Also $20,000 to lend on farms and unincumbered property in sums not less than $5,000. Apply to R. HALLOCK, No. 17 Wall-st.

CHARTER OF THE LOUISIANA AND SAN FRANCISCO Mail Steamship Company, granted by DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO., No. 2 Nassau-st.

INSURANCE.

SECURITY
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 21 Pine-st.
CASH CAPITAL—$300,000.
CHEAPNESS AND SAFETY
INSURANCE.
DEALER'S RECEIVE
7½ PER CENT. OF NET PROFITS.
Where no interest in profits is desired.
JOSEPH WALKER, President.
THOS. W. BIDDLE, Vice President.
E. L. HATHORN, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE
HARMONY FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 20 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, June 24, 1859.
TENTH DIVIDEND.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five per Cent., payable on and after July 1, to which day the Transfer Books will be closed.
E. G. GLOVER, Secretary.

THE EQUITABLE
LIFE INSURANCE SOCIETY
OF THE UNITED STATES.
PURELY MUTUAL
Office No. 78 Broadway, New-York.
Is now fully organized, having complied with the laws of this State, and lodged the required securities with the Comptroller.
This Society is now prepared to receive applications for Life Assurances, and will underwrite policies upon the most favorable terms.
This is the only Stock Company in America that divides its entire profits, pro rata, among the policy-holders (legal interest 7 per cent. only paid on its stock,) thereby giving the assured all the advantages of the
PURELY MUTUAL
system, with the added
PERPETUAL CAPITAL STOCK.
And the added security that its board of Directors have a PERMANENT MONEYED INTEREST in conducting the affairs with
PRUDENCE AND STRICT ECONOMY.
The rates are based upon the most approved English Tables of mortality, verified by American experience to the present time.
By the Charter, Dividends to the Assured are to be declared every five years, and may be applied to the reduction of premium, or will be credited upon the policy, thereby increasing the amount insured.
Parties desiring to insure will be furnished with the Society's publications, rates, &c., (gratis,) upon application, or, if desired, will be waited upon at whatever place they may designate by one of its officers.

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Bankers—METROPOLITAN BANK.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY B. HERRT, Jr., Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF FOUR PIANOS,
To pay advances.
On FRIDAY, Aug. 5, at 11 o'clock,
At the salesrooms No. 65½ Pine-st.
Comprising two rosewood 7 octave pianos.
One rosewood, upright cabinet piano.
One mahogany, 7-octave square piano.
The above instruments were made at Cologne by the late foreman of Broad, of Paris, and are of very fine tone and finish. They will be positively sold, without any reserve, to pay advances, and may be seen any time previous to sale.

J. W. POSTER, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT CARVED ROSEWOOD AND MAHOGANY furniture made to order, short time in use. J. W. POSTER will sell THIS DAY, August 5, at 10½ o'clock, by catalogue, the entire contents of the large four-story dwelling No. 218 West 16th-st., near 8th-av., containing superior household furniture, of first class workmanship, made to order and in excellent condition. Parlor furniture, rich velvet carpets; three magnificent rosewood parlor suits, covered in elegant satin brocade, large easy Voltaire and reception chairs to match; three rosewood etageres with marble tops, and mirror doors and backs, lined with satin-wood, very expensively carved; elegant rosewood centre side and work tab es; rosewood secretary, with elegant carving, made to match the rosewood parlor furniture; rose wood corner and music stands; splendid 7-octave rosewood premium piano forte, richly inlaid with pearl and real pearl keys, decidedly one of the best instruments ever made, richly emossed cover and stool; French plate mirrors; expensive lace and brocatel window curtains. Also a great variety of oil paintings, embracing many valuable specimens; large size, elegantly decorated China vases, Parian and Chinese figures; 14-day marble clocks, together with a large variety of ornamental, silverware, cutlery, elegant bedroom furniture, hair mattresses, &c.

A. H. HIVEN, Auctioneer.
AUCTION NOTICE.—LARGE SALE OF ELEGANT and costly Household Furniture. A. H. HIVEN will sell, THIS DAY (Wednesday,) at private residence No. 26 West 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., sale to commence at 10½ o'clock, rosewood parlor suites, 7-octave piano-forte, stool and cover, velvet and Brussels carpets, rugs, oil-paintings, vases, clocks, mirrors, extension dining table, glass and China ware, &c.; bureaus, sofas, washstands, hair mattresses, feather beds, blankets, sheets, &c. Also an excellent assortment of kitchen furniture, with which the sale will commence.

AILEN J. KNILL, Auctioneer.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) at 11 o'clock, at the private residence No. 20 West 28th-st., near 6th-av., solid rosewood and piano-forte parlor suites, velvet carpets, Axminster hearthrugs, velvet carpets, wine and mantel mirrors, lace curtains. Dining-room furniture—solid silver tea set, knives and forks. Chambers contain rosewood bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, carpetting, oil paintings, toilet sets, hair mattresses, quilts, shee s, &c. Also basement and kitchen furniture of every description.

R. POSTER, Auctioneer.
BY E. BOGART, THURSDAY, AUG. 4, AT 10½ o'clock, at the auction rooms No. 1 North William-st., corner Frankfort, household furniture consisting of a large assortment of parlor, bedroom and kitchen furniture, silver-plated ware, gas fixtures, marble ornaments, French secretary, lace curtains, mahogany French bedsteads, feather beds, mattresses, bedding, mahogany sofas, easy chairs, lounges, marble-top dressbureaus, card-tables, telescope, dictionary, two diagram tables.

EDWARD FOSBECK, Auctioneer.
E. & F. H. SCHERCK WILL SELL, THIS DAY & their salesroom, No. 23 Nassau-st., at 10½ o'clock, a large invoice of Gold Hunting, Patent and Detached Lever Watches, Jewelry, Chains, Rings, Locke's, &c.; the balance of an importer's stock. To be sold to the highest bidder, without reserve. Catalogues and goods ready early.

A. S. RICHARDS, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY SALE OF 500 CASES boots, shoes and brogans, by RICHARDS & WHITING, on WEDNESDAY, Aug. 3, at 10½ o'clock, at salesroom No. 44 Cortlandt-st., comprising a very desirable assortment of Fall and Winter boots and shoes to which we call special attention of city and country dealers.

HENRY T. LEWIS, Auctioneer.
ATTRACTIVE AND PEREMPTORY SALE AT THIS DAY of all the contents of the dwelling house No. 20 7th-st., near third-av., consisting of a valuable collection of furniture, carpets, paintings, looking-glasses, crockery and glass ware, &c.; also a superior piano-forte. Sale commences at 10½ o'clock.

E. L. CROW, Auctioneer.
PAINT DEALERS AND PAINTERS ATTENTION.—THURSDAY, Aug. 4, at 11 o'clock at store No. 287 Bowery, will be sold, by order of receiver, sundry five cases Paints in oil, &c., about 7,000 lbs. Sale peremptory.

JOHN P. MONTGOMERY, Auctioneer.
400 CASES BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS at auction on THURSDAY, Aug. 4, at 10½ o'clock, at the store of J. F. DAVIS & CO., No. 85 Beekman-st. Prime assortment of fresh seasonable goods.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE.—THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOfore existing under the name, style and firm of THOS. L. PYE & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on Aug. 7, 1858. The late manufacturing business will be continued at No. 110 Cliff-st. by the undersigned, who will settle all business of the late firm.
THOS. L. PYE.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—MR. JOSEPH C. ELLISON and Mr. OLIVER COMSTOCK are this day admitted as an interest in our house at New-York and San Francisco.
WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.
San Francisco, July 1, 1859.

MACHINERY.

PUMPS AND FIRE-ENGINES.
TO OWNERS OF STEAM VESSELS, FACTORIES, MINES, &c.
HOLLY'S PATENT PUMPS.
The first ROTARY PUMPS 7½ inches in diameter, Applicable to FIRE ENGINES, FIRE-PUMPS FOR FACTORIES, STEAM VESSELS, R. R., and to MINING OPERATIONS. BOILER FEEDING and STATIONS, WELLS, &c. HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES. &c. &c. Arranged to be driven BY STEAM, BY BELTS or GEARING, BY HORSE-POWER or BY HAND. Apply to CHARLES W. COPELAND, Agent, No. 189 BROADWAY, New-York.

RAILROADS.

NEW-YORK AND FLUSHING RAILROAD.
ARRANGEMENTS FOR AUGUST, 1859.
Trains will leave Hunter's Point Ferry (Depot foot of Grand Street, Williamsburgh) for Flushing and Intermediate Stations, as follows:

LEAVE HUNTER'S POINT FERRY	LEAVE FLUSHING DEPOT
7:15 A. M.	8:00 A. M.
9:15 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
1:00 P. M.	2:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
5:00 P. M.	6:00 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	8:00 P. M.

Connecting with steamer MATTANO, Capt. H. W. Gage, plying from Whitehall-slip, foot of South Ferry, at 8:30 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. Fare 25 cents. Excursion Tickets, 50 cents.
An accommodation train will leave Hunter's Point at 11:15 A. M. for Flushing, stopping at all way stations; returning, leave Flushing at 12 P. M. Fare 10 cents. On Sundays trains leave Hunter's Point at 9 A. M. and 7 o'clock; fare 25 cents to Flushing and 50 cents each day.
O. CHARLTON, President.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after Wednesday, June 1, 1859, trains will leave Depot, Fourth-av. and 26th-st., New-York, as follows:
7:45 and 9:30 A. M. and 2:30 and 5 P. M. Williams' Bridge.
11:30 A. M., 4 and 6 P. M.—White Plains.
8:15 P. M., from White Plains & Centre-sts.—White Plains.
4:30 P. M.—Dover Plains.
8:30 A. M.—Mail Train.—Albany.
RETURNING, WILL LEAVE
Dover Plains—8:30 A. M.
White Plains—8 and 11 A. M.; 2 and 8 P. M.
Williams' Bridge—9:40 and 9:30 A. M.; 1 and 6 P. M.
Albany—11:30 A. M.—Mail Train.
W. J. CAMPBELL, Sup't.

FOR LAKE MAHOPAC,
VIA
HARLEM RAILROAD,
Trains leave 26th-st. Station, New-York,
8:30 A. M.,
4:30 P. M.
Fare through to the Lake $1 75.
Passengers will find this the shortest and most expeditious line, avoiding 10 miles of stage route.

NEW-YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.—ON and after MONDAY, April 4, 1859, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Piermont, (foot of Dunkirk) and Dunkirk, as follows, viz.: Dunkirk Express at 9 A. M., for Binghamton, Elmira, Corning, Hornellsville, Buffalo, Dunkirk and Salamanca, and principal intermediate stations. Mail Train, at 3 A. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo, and for intermediate stations. Rockland Passenger, at 3:30 P. M., from foot of Harrison-st., via Piermont, for Suffern and Rockland Lake. Night Express, at 6 P. M., for Binghamton, Middletown and intermediate stations. Mail Express, at 5 P. M., for Dunkirk and Buffalo. The above trains run daily, Sundays excepted. These Express trains connect at Elmira with the Elmira, Canandaigua and Niagara Falls Railroad, for Niagara Falls; at Binghamton with the Syracuse and Binghamton Railroad, for Syracuse at Corning with the Buffalo, Corning and Rochester Railroad, for Rochester and Buffalo; at Great Bend with the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, for Scranton; at Hornellsville with the Buffalo and New-York City Railroad; and at Buffalo and Dunkirk with the Lake Shore Railroad, for Cleveland, Cincinnati, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, &c.
CHARLES MORAN, President.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—On and after MONDAY, June 27, 1859, and until further notice, Passenger Trains will leave Depot, foot of Liberty-st., as follows, viz.: Express Trains at 8:30 A. M. and 5 P. M., for Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Lambertville, Flemington Junction, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia. Express Train at 8:30 A. M. for Somerville, Flemington Junction, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia. Express Train at 5 P. M. for Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Lambertville, Flemington Junction, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia. Accommodation Train at 4:30 P. M. for Somerville, Flemington Junction, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia. Express Train at 8:30 A. M. for Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Lambertville, Flemington Junction, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia. Express Train at 5 P. M. for Easton, Phillipsburg, Belvidere, Lambertville, Flemington Junction, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia. Accommodation Train at 4:30 P. M. for Somerville, Flemington Junction, Lambertville, Trenton, Bordentown, Burlington, Camden and Philadelphia.
Express Train at 8:30 A. M. for Somerville, Flemington Junction, Lambertville

MERCANTILE LIBRARY.

Cheap Books at the Mercantile Library Book Store.

Opening of the Apprentices' Reading Room.

Lecture of Rev. Dr. Bellows on Wednesday evening, Aug. 3, at the Academy of Music—Meeting of the Astor House Committee—Proposition for Consolidation.

Yesterday afternoon, Aug. 2, the Mercantile Library Association opened the Apprentices' Reading Room, at the Astor House, for the season. The room was filled with boys, and the occasion was a very interesting one. The Rev. Dr. Bellows, President of the Association, delivered an address, which was listened to with the most profound attention. He said that the Mercantile Library Association was founded in 1820, and was now the oldest institution of the kind in the country. It was founded by a few young men, who had no money, but who had a great deal of energy and perseverance. They began in a small way, and gradually increased in numbers and usefulness, until they had a large library, which was kept in the store of Messrs. Wood & Ely, in Pearl-street. Every year the Association grew in importance, and in 1854 it was incorporated by the Legislature. It now has a library of 40,000 volumes, and a reading-room in Clinton Hall, which is open every day in the year, from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. The Association has also a lecture-room, in which lectures are delivered every winter. The Apprentices' Reading Room was established in 1853, and has been very successful. It is open every day in the year, from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. The Association has now 5,000 volumes in the Apprentices' Reading Room, and 1,000 persons visit it every day. The Astor House Committee have given the use of the room, and have also furnished it with tables, chairs, &c. The Association has also a Lecture Committee, which has been very successful in procuring lectures. Dr. Bellows then spoke of the objects of the Association, and of the advantages which it offered to young men. He said that the Association was not a charity, but that it was intended to help young men to help themselves. He urged the boys to make use of the Library, and to read only the best books. He said that the Association was not a sectarian institution, and that it was open to boys of all religious denominations. He also urged the boys to be regular in their attendance, and to be careful of the books. He said that the Association was not a charity, but that it was intended to help young men to help themselves. He urged the boys to make use of the Library, and to read only the best books. He said that the Association was not a sectarian institution, and that it was open to boys of all religious denominations. He also urged the boys to be regular in their attendance, and to be careful of the books.

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